...y Goods, Notions, &c.

...HNESTOCK BROS.

...RING GOODS.

...onstantly receiving new and desirable styles of

...LKS, POPLINS, PERCALES,

...SPRING CLOAKINGS, ALPACAS,

...AINES, CALICOES, LAWNS, &c.

...large additions to our usual supply of

...GINGHAMS, MUSLINS,

...OTHS, CASSIMERS, JEANS,

...ry variety of Goods for Men's and Boy's wear.

...added considerably to our assortment of

CARPETS,

...e are selling at greatly reduced prices.

Our stock of

...QUEENS-WARE

is complete. In

...HARD-WARE,

and all kinds of

...UILDING MATERIALS.

...ssure we can make it to the interest of

the purchaser to purchase from us.

...N & NAILS at reduced prices.

...LS & PAINTS at low rates.

...ROCERIES, of all kinds.

...dive us a call and be convinced.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.,

...GN OF THE RED FRONT.

...sburg, May 6, 1868.—tf

...PHORN & HOFFMAN,

...ORTH-WEST CORNER,

...CENTRE SQUARE,

...ETTYSBURG, PA.

1

ALPACCAS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, MUSLINS, DELAINES, CALICOES & GINGHAMS.

8

BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, PACKINGS, SHAWLS.

Business Cards.

6

OTTONADES, BLACK CLOTHS, TRICOT CLOTHS, FANCY CASSIMERES.

8

HOSIERY, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, COLLARS, JEANS.

CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, KNIVES AND FORKS, UMBRELLAS, WINDOW BLINDS.

...DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

April 22, 1868.—tf

1868. DESIRABLE 1868.

DRY GOODS!

...OST EXCELLENT ASSORTMENTS

...SELL for very small profits, and

...also at doing a very large Business.

...FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.

...SHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.

...SHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.

...RENCH CHINTZES, PIQUES, PERCALES AND LAWNS.

...ACK SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, PLAID SILKS.

...ISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.

...ACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAIN.

...STORT SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.

...OTHS, CASSIMERS, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.

...BLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS.

...MORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.

...AIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.

...EN'S, LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S GLOVES, AND STOCKINGS.

...I am constantly receiving the latest styles of ...ess and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge competition with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of price.

J. L. SCHICK.

Gettysburg, Pa., April 29, 1868.—tf

NEW GOODS.

Cheaper than Ever!

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

*Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,*

HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods

OF ALL KINDS,

*CLOTHS,*
*CASSIMERES,*
*TWEEDS,*
*SILKS,*
*GINGHAMS,*
*LAWNS,*
*PRINTS,*
*BAREGES,*
*MUSLINS, &c.,*

To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices. [April 8, 1868.—tf

ROW. & WOODS

ARE SELLING AT LOWEST PRICES,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

ALPACCAS, DELAINES, LAWNS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, BRILLIANTS, PERCALES, &c.

BAL. SKIRTS, cheap, APRONS, PARASOLS, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c.

April 22.—3m



HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,

*Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year.—No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

# The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 35. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3519.


## Professional Cards, &c.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. He can be found, for the present, at the Daguerrean rooms of Levi Bumper on Baltimore street, opposite Fahnestocks' store, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. [April 8, 1868.—6m

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE, having located at HEIDLERSBURG, offers his services to the public, and hopes by strict attention to his professional duties to merit a reasonable share of public patronage. [April 29.—6m

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. [May 29, 1867

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square. Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa. May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington. R. G. MCCREARY,

May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

JOS. H. LEFEVER, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,* LITTLESTOWN, PA.,

Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs. Shorb, Kinser and McIring. May 29, 1868.—1y*

D. MCCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH. *Attorneys and Counsellors.*

D. MCCONAUGHY has associated JOHNM. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, and Damages against U. States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

## Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond, next door to Middlestadt's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction—Give him a call. May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa.

May 29, 1867.—1y J. S. WITHEROW.

## Carpenters and Contractors.

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by Andrew Schick, York street. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

*And any other Article in the Building Line.*

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

WM. C. STALLSMITH,
C. H. STALLSMITH.

Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS *WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.*

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

## Cabinet Making.

FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

Is prepared to offer to the Public, anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the county.

☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch. [Jan. 23, 1868.—tf

## Forwarding Houses.

M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

*FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.*

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits.—They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT M'CURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

July 3, 1867.—tf

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., of CULP & EARNSHAW, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BOGHAM & CO., at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 110 north Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER CORBEAN,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 6, 1868.

DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Flour, Grain,

*Groceries, Lumber, Coal, &c,*

THE undersigned keepson hand, at his Warehouse, known as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Laths, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Guano, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He also pays the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call.

Aug. 31, 1867.—tf DANIEL GULDEN.

CHANGE OF FIRM.

THE undersigned having leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Bones, Hides and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

We will also run a

LINE of FREIGHT CARS

to No. 77 North street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "Bonner's Car."

H. S. BENNER & BRO.

April, 8, 1868.—tf

## Hotels and Restaurants.

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

*GETTYSBURG, PA.*

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

*BY F. M. PRATT,*

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

May, 9, 1867.—1y

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS

*JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.*

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

CARLISLE, PA.

VISITORS to Carlisle will find the very best accommodations at the

Pennsylvania Hotel,

*Kept by JOHN REILLY, on the corner of North Hanover and Louther Streets.*

The TABLE is supplied with everything the market affords; the BAR is stocked with the finest Wines, Liquors &c., and the Yards and

STABLING

connected with the house are in charge of an experienced and faithful hostler.

☞Give the old PENNSYLVANIA a trial and be convinced. Charges always reasonable.

March 18, 1868.—6m

Cashtown Springs.

EIGHT MILES FROM GETTYSBURG.

*E. P. KITTINGER, Proprietor.*

THE undersigned, having thoroughly re-fitted the NATIONAL HOTEL, in Cashtown, with the Springs attached thereto, invites the attention of the public to his superior accommodations. Persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, with the advantages of pure mountain air, daily baths, trout fishing, &c. can find no more attractive place. Visitors to Gettysburg and the Battle-field can reach it in a couple hours ride over a good road.

The Stabling accommodations are among the best in the county. A good table and the best of Wines and Liquors. Charges reasonable.

E. P. KITTINGER.

June 17, 1868.—3m

## Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the *LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.*

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing so closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigation, and inquiries possesses real merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

*HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,*

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited more suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever;

PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,

induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the sallow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

*PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,*

And feeling the land of time weighing heavily upon them, will find a liberal use of these remedies of great benefit in prolonging their existence.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

*Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:*

*Philadelphia*, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

*Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

*Philadelphia*, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable* medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

*Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.*

*Dr. Jackson*—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicine, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,

*Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.*

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1 00
" " " half dozen, 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1 00 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.

☞*Do not forget to examine well the article you buy* in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 16, 1868.—1y

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicines.

## Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, WM. GUISE, and now continues the

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. House-keepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 30, 1867.—tf JACOB REILLY.

☞ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administrator's and Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpœnas and Executions, for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office

## The Star and Sentinel.

GETTYSB'G BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

(*See Advertisements.*)

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
McConaughy & Krauth, Chambersburg st., residence.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, Baltimore st., near Fahnestock's Store.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.

BARBER.

J. W. Tipton, N. E. cor. Public Square.

BAKERY.

Newport & Ziegler, corner Washington & Middle sts.

BOOT & SHOEMAKERS.

D. Kitzmiller & Bro., York st. opposite Bank.
D. H. Klingel, Baltimore street, third square.
John M. Reiling, Carlisle street, near Railroad Depot.

CONFECTIONERS, TOYS, &C.

A. R. Feistel, Baltimore street, first square.
E. H. Minnigh, Chambersburg st. op. Luth. Church.
John M. Minnigh, Baltimore street, first square.
John Gruel, Chambersburg street, near Eagle Hotel.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York street, first square.
Wm. Christman, West street, near Chambersburg.
Cashman & Rowe, York street, second square.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
Tate & Culp, Washington st., near Chambersburg.
W. K. Gallagher, East Middle st. second square.

CLOTHING.

George Arnold, cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st.
F. Cunningham, Baltimore street, first square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacobs & Brother, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York and Public Square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.
Jacob Reilly, corner of Stratton and Railroad.

DENTIST.

Dr. Wm. Stallsmith, Baltimore street, first square.
J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
Hubers, Baltimore street, first square.
H. Horner, Chamb'g st., opposite Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Balto. and Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Square.
Robert & Elliot, Balt. st., opposite the Court-house.
Geo. Arnold, cor. Diamond and Chambersburg st.

FORGE AND FOUNDRY.

David Sterner, West street.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Bigham & Co., cor. Washington and Railroad.
H. S. Benner & Brother, cor. Stratton and Railroad.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle Street.

GRANITE YARD.

Peter Beitler, Railroad, East of Stratton street.

GUN FITTER.

R. D. Armor, East Middle street.

GROCERIES, &C.

J. Cress & Son, cor. Chambersburg and Public Square.
Wm. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite National Bank.
Meals & Bros., Chambersburg st., second square.
Henry Overdeer, Baltimore st., third square.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High streets.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle sts.
Bigham & Co., cor. Washington and Railroad streets.
H. S. Benner & Bro., cor. Stratton and Railroad sts.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.
Gilnepie & Co., York st., first square.
H. M. Paxton, Baltimore street, third square.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Balto. and Middle sts.

HOTELS, CAFES, SHOPS, &C.

S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, cor. of York st. and Public Square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
R. C. Coleon, Chambersburg st.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Lutheran House, W. E. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.

N. Weaver, Washington st., north of Chambersburg.
T. T. Tate, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

J. M. Cannon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets.
Meals & Brother, York st., east of Stratton.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

C. J. Tyson, York street, opposite National Bank.
Levi Mumper, Baltimore st., first square.

PLUMBING.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.

PRINTING OFFICE.

*Star & Sentinel*, Baltimore st., midway between the Court House and Centre Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.
S. G. Cook, York st., nearly opposite the Nat. Bank.

TANNERY.

Washington Bierbower, N. E. corner of Diamond.

UNDERTAKER & UPHOLSTERER.

Jeremiah Culp, York street, second square.

WATCHMAKER.

Soper & McCartney, Balto. street, first square.

THE PROMISE KEPT.—The following, from an exchange, is worth reading: A mother on the green hills of Vermont, was holding by the right hand a son, sixteen years old, mad with the love of the sea.—And as she stood by the garden gate one morning, she said: "Edward, they tell me, for I never saw the ocean, that the great temptation of a seaman's life is drink.—Promise me, before you quit your mother's hand, that you will never drink." "And," said he, (for he told me the story,) "I gave her the promise, and I went the broad globe over, Calcutta, and the Mediterranean, San Francisco, the Cape of Good hope, the North Pole and South. I saw them all in forty years, and I never saw a glass filled with sparkling liquor that my mother's form by the gate did not rise before me; and to-day I am innocent of the taste of liquor." Was not that sweet evidence of the power of a single word? Yet that was not half. "For," said he, yesterday there came into my counting-room a man of forty years, and asked me, "Do you know me?" "No." "Well," said he, "I was once brought drunk into your presence on shipboard; you were a stranger; the captain kicked me aside; you took me to your berth and kept me there till I had slept off the intoxication; you then asked me if I had a mother. I said I had never known a word from from her lips. You told me of yours at the garden gate, and to-day I am master of one of the finest packets in New York; and I came to ask you to come and see me."

BILLINGS CLOSES OUT HIS LIGHT WARE.—If you want tew buy repentance at the highest market price, invest in tite boots.

I had rather be a receiver of stolen goods than the keeper of other folks' secrets.

Everybody ought tew be obliged tew rite his own epitaff, and then, if he filled the bill while living, hiz tombstun need not be indorsed with it after he was dead.

I never knew a very hansum woman ingaged in the "woman's rites" biziniss; they kan play the kards they already play tew better advantage.

It is a kurious fact that with a world full ov pleasure, our principal enjoyment iz in hope.

There is wun mortification (that I kan remember now) in being rich, and that iz yu are flattered before yure face and abused behind it.

I should be ashamed ov miself to say a harsh word against the noble animal—the hoss; but I haven't been able tew see that it is best tew let the breed ov mankind run out jist for the sake of gettin a hoss that kan trot 2-16.

I hav noticed that those persons who hav the keenest sense ov misery, hav also the brightest visions of joy; but there iz sum folks whom even molasses kandy won't make happy nor even muskeeters worry.

I don't think there iz enny more excuse for keepin a Shanhigh rooster than there iz in keepin a hoss that you've got tew buck up to a second story window tew put the cropper on.

It iz astonishin how very small they ware their pantilines are in B roadwa; but I notice the pantilines are plenty big enuff for the legs.

When I see an old mizer in the midst ov his wealth, I konsider him just about as happy as a fly who has fell into a quart bowl ov molasses and kant git out.

THE outrages of the Kuklux Democracy in Kentucky continue to be practiced with unabated frequency and barbarity. A Union man in Franklin county recently had twenty-five horses poisoned. A large number of buildings belonging to the Shaker community, in London county, have been burned by the Kuklux Democrats.—The Shakers were loyal during the war.

[For the Star & Sentinel.

MINNIE ENGLE—JULY 4TH, 1864.

AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR.

BY J. HOWARD WERT.

MINNIE ENGLE stood one summer day,
Gazing adown the dusty way.

The light was she of happy home,
A maiden sweet with winsome name.

Her sire, a sun-brown'd son of toil,
For fifty years had tilled the soil;

Most sweetly beamed 'neath locks of gray
The calmness of life's sinking day.

He calmly spoke, when plenty crowned
The year. In hours when sorrow frowned—

"It is not mine to choose or say,
Thy will be done in Thine own way."

Minnie Engle knew no mother's care—
Had never heard a mother's prayer;

Her soul had fled away from earth,
When she had given Minnie birth.

Her father loved her all the more,
A link that led to the other shore—

To her—the love that death had chilled,
That it might be again fulfilled.

She had one brother, brave and good;
She loved him, as an angel would.

But sad was Minnie's heart to-day,
Gazing adown the dusty way—

To where, six weary miles beyond,
Potomac was with verdure crowned.

Swift passing o'er that fertile land,
Again had come that rebel band!

One year before had fought, to fall,
On bloody hills, where iron hail

Were "General Orders—Number One"
That Meade had sent from line to line.

Fair Maryland was wild with fear,
Whilst Jubal Early, drawing near,

Was sweeping all from friend and foe,
That they had spared one year ago.

But t'was not that which dimmed the eye
Of her who gazed on grove and sky:

She thought and dreamed, as oft before,
Of him, that now could come no more.

"One year ago this very day,"
She murmurmured, gazing down the way,

"My brother filled a nameless grave
Within the State he came to save.

"Perchance 'tis well—but hard to know,
An only brother lying low,

"Must fill a grave I cannot see,
Nor strew one rose, my own, for thee.

"A comrade saw him bleeding fall
In hurried charge and that is all,

"Alas, and woe for father gray;
Alas to me for this glad day—

"That twice has brought our nation life.
Lord, still in me this fretful strife."

She paused, for down the dusty way
Came—not the men who wore the grey,

But dimly seen in distant view,
A wanderer lone in ragged blue.

Near and more near he feebly comes,
Not as he went, to roll of drums.

"Poor man, God bless him," murmured she,
"I'll spread some food beneath this tree."

"Thank God, although *my* heart is sad,
He'll make *some* wife or sister glad."

But, when that one came to the gate,
And Minnie saw the one that late

She wept, as sleepin s'neath the ground,
She kissed the lost that had been found.

Thus, 'midst the stern, sharp hounds of grief,
There comes sometime a swift relief.

Thus, Minnie felt through smiles the cost
Of those sad words: "The loved and lost."

Thus Minnie knew, with joyous tears,
That God had heard her father's prayers.

The pangs of war have passed away,
But Minnie oft'n dreams of the day,

When she wished to be the one in blue,
And clasp'd to her heart her brother true.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July, 1868.

## NATURAL HISTORY OF BABIES.

Babies are of two kinds, male and female, and are usually put up in packages of one, though sometimes two, in which case they are called twins, when nearly of the same age. They are not confined to any particular locality, but are found plentifully distributed over all parts of the inhabited countries. Their ages are various and have a wide range. We have known them as young as 'tis easy to calculate time on a watch dial, and then again we have seen them where they have acquired the healthy age of twenty-five, with a fair prospect of advancing still further into babyhood.—Their weight depends a great deal on their heft; but as they have twenty-one years to grow in before it costs them anything, it don't matter so much how big they happen to be when they commence.

Probably babies have more pet names than any other known article of their size. In the tender years of their life, say the first two, they are lovingly addressed by such endearing names as Beautiful, Sweetness, Honeycomb, Darling, Papa's Hope, Blessed, Mamma's Joy, Noble-Handsome—supposed to be a contraction of Old Handsome—and hundreds of other applications which we never could translate.

For several years, until they can get old enough to play out of doors and soil their faces, their lives are one long continuous game of Copenhagen, everybody laboring under the delusion that all babies are good for is to kiss, consequently to see one is to kiss it. We cannot recollect of ever finding ourselves in the presence of a baby, but the fond mother would say to it, "Now be a good little deary and give the gentleman a nice sweet kiss." Of course we accepted it, though kissing ain't our forte. We are naturally modest, and don't care to be seen kissing anybody. We don't hanker after it as some of our friends do. We are willing to kiss a pretty girl occasionally for her mother's sake, or even for her own, rather than have any trouble, yet we think, if said pretty girl owed us a kiss, we should much prefer to have it remain on interest than to have it paid when it became due; we never should present our bill and demand payment—not if we continued perfectly sane. We understand that there are quite a number of persons who differ from us in regard to kissing; if so, let them differ; we cannot stop to argue the point, as our subject treats of babies.

The momotony of babies' lives is varied by such little incidents as an attack of the measles, mumps, or croup, and we would not neglect to speak of cutting teeth. A baby that has got through all these infantile troubles is considered worth some seventy five dollars more than one who has them in prospect. The diseases are, however easily treated, and in a case of the measles all that is necessary is to have them "break out" well, and to see to it that they don't "strike in." With the mum

# The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, July 24, 1868.



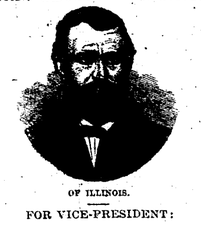
**Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.**

☞ Advertisements, to secure immediate attention must be handed in on or before Thursday morning.


## OUR CANDIDATES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT.



OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

OF INDIANA.

## STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL

**GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT.**

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL

**GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL.**

## GRANT & VICTORY!

**THE STAR AND SENTINEL.—TERMS:**

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FOR CAMPAIGN UNTIL NOVEMBER 15.

SINGLE COPY,.....$0.50
FIVE COPIES,..... 2.00

☞ The campaign terms will not more than pay the cost of paper and ink; but we desire to put the paper within the reach of every person desiring it during the present important campaign.

### MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Republican County Committee will meet at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg, *on Saturday the 25th of July*, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested.

EDWARD McPHERSON,
Chairman.

The following persons constitute the Committee:

Gettysburg—Edward McPherson, D. McConaughy, Dr. E. G. Fahnestock, F. B. Picking, Dr. Charles Theurer, A. J. Ziegler, D. A. Buehler.
Berwick Borough—Henry Kohler, Edward Stahl.
Berwick Tp.—Joseph Kepner, Isaac Wolf, Sr.
Butler—Israel Shank, Wm. H. Bostrick.
Conowago—John Waltman, Adam Diller.
Cumberland—P. D. W. Henkey, Joseph Walker.
Franklin—Capt. James Mickley, Capt. W. H. Adams.
Freedom—Samuel Moritz, James Bigham.
Germany—Daniel H. Rudolph, Jacob Yealy.
Hamilton—E. W. Meisenhelder, George W. Spangler.
Huntington—Henry C. Peters, Gen. W. W. Stewart.
Highland—J. J. Kerr, Washington Lott.
Hamiltonban—Capt. E. McGinley, E. W. Harbaugh.
Liberty—Peter Kready, W. C. Feabrooks.
Littlestown—Ephraim Myers, Dr. R. S. Seiss.
Latimore—Isaac D. Warfield, Charles W. Grelst.
Menallen—Samuel Meals, Wm. S. Cart.
Mountjoy—Newton Barborow, Newton Horner.
Mountpleasant—Capt. C. G. Miller, J. A. C. Rindlaub.
Oxford—Alex. R. Hinse, Jeremiah Diehl.
Reading—John Brough, Samuel Overholtzer.
Straban—Maj. Robt. Bell, Wm. Wilds.
Tyrone—J. F. Husck, Charles Yeatts.
Union—John H. Felty, Jacob Bashoar.

### TO SUBSCRIBERS IN ARREARS.

We have, on the whole, a clever prompt paying list of subscribers, who make it a point to gladden the Printer by punctual *advance* payments of their subscriptions. On examining our list, however, we find quite a number, who are in arrears. Our terms are $2 CASH IN ADVANCE. The last few years have effected an entire revolution in the newspaper publishing business—the credit system being abolished by paper, type and ink manufacturers. Publishers being required to pay cash for everything, can no longer afford to carry on their lists any but prompt paying subscribers—least of all dead-heads. We desire to have a clear, clean list of prompt paying patrons, and to this end it is our purpose shortly to revise our list, dropping all who do not manifest a purpose to pay up.

We have a few on our list who were indebted to the former Proprietors.—We have now furnished the "STAR & SENTINEL" for more than a year, and we hereby give notice to all of this class, who do not remit to the present proprietors the amount of subscription for the past year, by the 1st of September next, that their names will be dropped without further notice.

### PAY UP!

The enlargement of our paper and the purchase of a new Press, Type, &c., has cost us over $1,000. We have besides several heavy paper bills now due, and we are compelled to call upon our friends to furnish us with the means wherewith to meet them. We have a large amount due us for subscription, Job-work, Advertising, &c., which we would like to realize at once, without the necessity of making out bills. The *cash* system has become a necessity in the newspaper business. We have to pay *cash* for everything connected with the office—Paper, Type, Ink, Labor, &c., and that we may do so promptly, without involving the office, it is absolutely necessary that our patrons pay us with equal promptness. We dislike to *dun* but our present wants demand it. Will those indebted to us please take the hint?

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ON Monday President JOHNSON sent a batch of important nominations to the Senate—among them, Henry M. Watts, of Philadelphia, as Minister to Austria, in place of Collector Smythe rejected; Hon. John L. Dawson, of Pennsylvania, Minister to Russia; General McClernand to Mexico; Edmund Cooper, of Tennessee, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; and ex-Lieutenant Governor C. C. Cox, of Maryland, to be Commissioner of Pensions. Some of these nominations will not receive the approval of the Senate.

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THE action of the New York convention shows that the so-called Democracy are again, as they always have been, under the dominion of the Southern leaders and Southern influence. Not one word have they in their platform in favor of the Union men of the South, or one word of censure denouncing the wicked acts of the rebellion.

### AN IMPORTANT ACT.

In February of 1867, a bill passed Congress, which required the Secretary of War to refund the $300 commutation which has been paid by any drafted person who at the time of the draft was entitled to discharge from the obligation to render personal service under that draft; but the operation of the law was limited to those claims which had been filed prior to the passage of that act. This proviso the House has voted to repeal, and has limited the time of presentation to two years from the date of the passage of this act.

Gen. KOONTZ, who was active in securing the original enactment, is entitled to the credit of this additional legislation which will open the way for the settlement of some just claims held by deserving citizens against the Government. Gen. K. was indefatigable in his efforts, and deserves honorable mention for it.

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THE "Democrats" are coquetting for the colored vote in the South, have got a part of it, and will get more. At the Democratic ratification meeting in New Orleans, on the 18th inst., their resolutions asserted the kindness of their feelings towards the colored population, and cited *the late election in Mississippi as proof of what can be done in this direction by the Democracy.* Gen. J. B. Freeman of Mississippi, in a speech before the Metropolitan Democratic Club of New York, on the night of the 17th inst., disclosed the means used to carry Mississippi and stated that "Notwithstanding the efforts of the Republicans the negroes of the South would in future vote with the Democratic Party, as being *that of their employees who fed and paid them.*"

This discloses the whole programme. The negroes are to be converted to Democracy by a system of terrorism and starvation!

This effort is not a surprise to sagacious men. On the other hand, it was forseen from the beginning, by some.—THADDEUS STEVENS sought to guard against it by requiring, in reconstructing, that a certain portion of the land of rich Rebel landholders should be confiscated and divided among loyal negroes, in small *tracts*, as homesteads for families. The country was not prepared for this, and it failed; and the consequence is the blacks, who labor, are largely in the power of the rich landed proprietors who employ labor. How promptly the latter will tighten the vice till the blood oozes from the finger-ends of the helpless, no one who knows the South need be told.

Nevertheless, this system will not be completely successful. It will accomplish some results. Republican Reconstruction has completely destroyed the former unity of the South, and will ultimately overthrow their ancient favorite ideas and politics. But the overthrow would have been made surer and would be nearer, if Mr. STEVENS' advice had been taken.

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ASSASSINATION prevails over the South. Last week, Capt. Benjamin H. Orr of Harrison county, Mississippi, was assassinated for his political opinions. He was a Republican member of the recent State Convention to frame a Constitution.

A flood of light was thrown upon the condition of the Southern heart, the other day in the examination of a Mrs. Moore, a witness for the defence in the trial of the assassins of Ashburn of Georgia. We extract the paragraph from a late Georgia paper:

By Gov. Brown.—Do the female members of your family desire the death of all the radicals? Ans.—We do. [This question was objected to by Mayor Mosses, but the witness preferred to answer it.]

This answer uncovers a very hell of wickedness, and warns the people that the duty of *murdering* Republicans possesses the heart of Rebel women, is instilled by them into children, and is impressed upon the men. No government of such people, in ignorance of this horrible revelation, can be at all adequate to the suppression of crime.

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ROBERT TOOMBS of Georgia, was recently pardoned by ANDREW JOHNSON; and at once he entered into politics—making a speech at Atlanta, the new Capital of that State. His speech is a compound of Treason and Democracy, but was adapted to influence his audience, every one of whom had known what it was, within Eight years, to be a Traitor and a Democrat.

He also wants *peace*, but it's BLAIR'S kind of peace—peace at the end of a new revolution. He gives this reason for electing the Democratic candidates:

"I will tell you another fact, which is enough for this time—that as the late war was produced by the *defeated* democratic party of 1860, we shall never have peace till it is restored in 1868."

We don't see the logic of this reasoning, but we confess the truth of the fact that the "late war was produced by the *defeated* democratic party of 1860." The people are not yet ready to trust that party to deal with the country's enemies.

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MARTIN F. CONWAY, formerly M. C. from Kansas, lately a JOHNSON man, has came out for GRANT, and in a recent letter makes this capital point:

"In the recent Convention at New York the *conservative* element seems to have been entirely submerged in a whirlpool of Democratic radicalism. On the other hand the Convention of the Republican Party at Chicago was controlled by the conservative element of that party, and Gen. GRANT was nominated because of his conservative principles and character. Gen. GRANT is, therefore, the representative of the conservative element of the Republican Party, while Mr. SEYMOUR is that of the radical element of the Democratic."

This thought will control a multitude of votes. The Country wants quiet, that it may recuperate. The Democratic programme is one of revolution and usurpation, as foreshadowed by BLAIR who was nominated because of his atrocious and dangerous views. GRANT'S election will give the Nation peace.

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WE are glad to notice that the District Attorney difficulty in Philadelphia, over which the Copperheads gloated, has been adjusted by the withdrawal of both the Republican candidates—Messrs. MANN and HAZELHURST. The Republican Convention will be called together to make a new nomination. The Republicans of Philadelphia will now go into the campaign thoroughly united and help to roll up 20,000 majority in the State for GRANT and COLFAX.

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MAJOR R. H. G. LASS, of Lynchburg, Va., "Conservative" candidate for Congress, has declined to run, and in declining expresses the opinion that the white people of his district ought to try to elect a negro. The "Conservatives" and negroes are "getting very thick" in certain parts of the South.

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HON. THADDEUS STEVENS says that the New York Convention had the power to distract and disorganize the Republican party, but by its nominations has consolidated it and increased its numerical strength ten per cent.

### THE DEMOCRACY AND REBELLION.

We have repeatedly alluded to FRANK BLAIR'S revolutionary letter which so much commended him to the Rebel element in the Convention that they forced his nomination for the Vice Presidency. The Pittsburg *Post*—the leading Democratic paper in Western Pennsylvania—to our surprise, *endorses the latter*, and justifies its threat of revolutionary action in case of Democratic ascendency. JOHNSON stands ready to help in the work of blood and outrage. The people may as well understand now the danger which threatens, so that they may prepare to meet it. The language of the *Post* is emphatic, as follows:

"General Blair's document on this subject is the doctrine of the Democratic party. He has expressed it forcibly; but others have advocated the same thing, and it is in accordance with true wisdom and sound policy."

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THE work of Reconstruction is going on gloriously. Florida, North and South Carolina, Alabama, Louisiana and Arkansas, having ratified the amendment to the Constitution, known as the 14th article, and elected Senators and Representatives to Congress, have now resumed their places in the Union with Republican administrations, and military rule in all these States has been discontinued. Georgia having considerable rebel element in its newly elected Legislature, hesitates as to the line of duty. Mississippi, the home of Jeff. Davis, has voted not to re-construct as yet, while Virginia and Texas are yet to hold elections. Still better, Secretary SEWARD, on Monday, issued a proclamation announcing that the Amendment to the Constitution (Article 14) has been ratified by the requisite three-fourths of all the States, and "so become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution of the United States."

For this important Amendment, which largely secures the fruits of the war for the Union, the country is indebted exclusively to the Republican party—the Democracy having bitterly contested its adoption at every step.—As many of our readers have doubtless forgotten the full import of this new Article, we give the text in full:

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the laws thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed; but when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, who shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned; but neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section 5. Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

---

"VETERAN OBSERVER," of the N. Y. *Times*, predicts:

"Seven of the Southern States have been re-admitted, and five of these seven will vote for GRANT, if at all. Connecticut and California, which the Democrats boasted of, will go for GRANT. From the Delaware River to the Pacific Ocean there is no State likely to vote for SEYMOUR except Kentucky. BLAIR has no popularity in Missouri. He has tried his best against the Radicals there, and signally failed. WILD, a Western candidate and a good platform Indiana might be deemed doubtful; but, as it is, Indiana will give a larger majority for GRANT and COLFAX than it did for GOV. MORTON. Ohio will poll her old-fashioned Republican majority, and the residue of the Western States will be swept for GRANT with a tornado. As the probabilities now stand, GRANT will carry twenty-seven States, SEYMOUR seven, and three will not vote."—the three last referred to being the three unreconstructed Southern States.

As to the Congressional election, he thinks:

"From Pennsylvania to Colorado there are nine States, electing *seventy-four* members, of which the Democrats are not likely to elect more than *thirteen*, but may possibly elect eighteen. In Indiana it is not probable they will elect more than one, but there are two other districts in which there is a possibility of electing Democrats. In Ohio the Republicans may lose two districts, but probably not. In New York the Republicans cannot lose, for they were reduced to their minimum before."

"Veteran Observer" is an acute political observer, and his predictions will be fulfilled, if the Republicans make proper exertions.

---

THE N. Y., *Times* calls attention to the fact that, since the nomination of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, the old-time Secessionists are coming forth not only to resume their former places as leaders of affairs, but we see them coming forward *to glorify the rebel cause, to vindicate its claims, to reassert its pretensions, to advocate its success and to proclaim their hopes of its triumph.*

The Rebel cause is the "Democratic" cause. The Rebel ticket is the ticket of the "Democratic" Party. The election will determine whether the majority of the people are determined to keep the government in their own hands, or to hand it over, practically, to the enemy.

---

EX-GOV. WISE of Virginia, at a Democratic meeting in Richmond, Va., on the 11th inst., said he cared nothing for the Democratic platform, and dissented from its first plank. Slavery was dead, but secession was not dead. *He would not admit that he had not the right to secede from any tyranny.*—He accepted the ticket because FRANCIS P. BLAIR, who had said what he did about setting up military over civil authority, had been put on it.

---

WALLACE, in his Address to the Democratic voters of Pennsylvania highly eulogizes SEYMOUR, but ignores the existence of Blair and his treasonable letter. This indicates the Democratic Programme. In the North, the campaign is to be made on SEYMOUR and his War Record. In the South, it is to be made on BLAIR and his treasonable and revolutionary letter.

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The third party movement seems to have fizzled out.

ALLEGHANY county proposes to give Grant and Colfax 10,000 majority.

At the Presidential vote of 1864 the Copperheads "saw signs." In that of 1868 they will come to see more.

DISGUISED tactics: *Boolittle* and *Saymore*. Grant's plan: *Say less and do more.*

WM. G. Cockrill, a leading Democrat of Madison County, Tenn., has come out for Grant and Colfax.

GEN SHERMAN, at a meeting held in St. Louis last week, declared against Seymour and in favor of Gen. Grant.

A. J. COMPARES the New York nominations to the small-pox—liable to kill, hard to cure and harder to endure.

ALL of SEWARD'S intimate friends have come out for GRANT. They have no idea of being on the losing side.

THE Tipton *Times*, the most influential Democratic paper in the VIIIth Indiana District, throws overboard Seymour and Blair.

THE Democracy everywhere are on the anxious seat. They find that SEYMOUR'S Copperheadism is bad enough, but BLAIR'S Jacobin and revolutionary violence threatens them with absolute ruin.

A NEW YORK paper says that Blair takes whisky for medicinal purposes. The Hartford *Post* says: "We are inclined to think it was "for medicinal purposes"—to wit, for corns. He was dreadfully corned all the time he was here."

AN exchange says: "Gen. Grant and the Democracy have done a great deal of business together within the past few years. Gen. Grant has done the tanning, and the Democrats have furnished the hides: They handed in two more last week—those of Horatio Seymour and Frank P. Blair.—They will be done early in November.

THE platform of the Democratic party was drawn up by a platform committee comprising, among others, the rebel generals Wade Hampton, and Preston, and the rebel legislators Bocock and Langdon, and Barksdale, a rebel editor. These are the men who fix the principles of the party which asks Union soldiers for their votes.—*Delaware Post.*

LET it be borne in mind that it was Vallandigham, the chief of the Northern secessionists, who turned the tide in the Democratic Convention for Seymour for President; and that Wade Hampton, the most violent of South Carolina traitors, dictated the nomination of Blair for Vice President.—*Cincinnati Chronicle.*

REPUDIATION, Revolution, Ruin. These are the deliberate purposes of the Democratic party. The platform is full of repudiation, Blair is an avowed revolutionist, Seymour's reactionism can end in nothing but ruin. A party which enters upon the canvass with such deliberate and avowed purposes will be hurled so deep that it can never be resurrected.

THE Jonesborough (Tenn.) *Flag* says that Mr. Ezra Mather, Mr. Isaac N. Babb, and Mr. John S. Mather, and many other citizens of that place, who have heretofore been acting with the Conservatives (so called) from honest and conscientious motives, have come out boldly and emphatically for Gen. Grant. So it is all over the country. The Forrest ticket is a pill that can never be swallowed by men who love their country as they should love it.

THE Democratic platform pledges the party to overthrow reconstruction, place the rebels in power at the South, and deliver over the white and black Unionists to their tender mercies. If this is done the "cause" that was "lost" in the field will have been gained at the polls. These men and their principles have been repeatedly condemned and repudiated by the American people. They will be again crushed in November next by a verdict of national


picture of radical tyranny in the South and said:

"It may be a matter of surprise that men who fought as men never fought before should so quietly submit to such great wrongs. They have submitted because they believe *to create trouble or raise riot would injure the Democratic Party.* [Applause.]"


So that the peace which exists in the South—a mockery as it is—is not, at this moment, bloody riot and open war to overturn existing Governments, only because to do so *at present* would hurt the Democracy. *After* the election, we are notified the ball is to open.

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THE fire-eater WISE proclaims publicly that secession is not dead, but is waiting for the opportunity of its reassertion through the revolutionary party which has just taken the field.—The fire-eater TOOMBS proclaims the doctrine of nullification in the old fashion, uttering the same denunciations as of old with all the former bitterness, pouring his maledictions on the brave men who have saved the Union, and threatening to "resist to the death" the laws which establish political equality and freedom of suffrage throughout the South. And the implacable Secessionist VANCE proclaims that "what the Confederacy fought for would be won through the election of SEYMOUR."

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WALLACE gravely informs the country that the "National credit is below par." Its securities bring a premium varying from eight to ten per cent.

He whines over the debt. It was created, to put down a rebellion of the *defeated* Democratic party in 1860.

He is opposed to military rule. His party is organized on the basis of revolution. The men who didn't fight when they had a chance, are now fierce for bloody work, if the elections go against them.

Let the people consider. If they want peace and quiet, elect Grant. If disorder and excitement, elect Seymour and Blair.

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"United States District Attorney Henry S. Fitch (formerly a Chicago lawyer), of Georgia, Democratic delegate to New York, is the candidate of his party for United States Senator. It is said that $25,000 has been raised in New York to enable him to secure his election."

Fitch is thus a "carpet-bagger," but being a "Democratic carpet-bagger," is thought fit to be a U. S. Senator. A native Southerner, if a Republican, is called by the Democrats a "scalawog," and is considered un fit to hold any office, or in the opinion of Rebel women unfit to live. But a Southern Rebel like TOOMBS, is the "pink of perfection!" This "Democratic" party sees with crooked eyes, as well as speaks with forked tongue.

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CONGRESS expected to adjourn this week—to-day or to-morrow. But the recent Revolutionary policy so daringly avowed by FRANK BLAIR and his Rebel backers, and the defiant tone of Johnson in his last veto, has alarmed the Republicans, and there is now a possibility of a recess instead of adjournment.

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THE Columbus (Ga.) *Sun* says boldly: "That Gen. Frank Blair should have been so quickly and cordially indorsed so recently after his bold and manly letter, setting forth his views of the situation, may be justly considered the most conclusive and satisfactory evidence that the National Democratic Party means work, serious work."

All who want war, know the road.

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[From the Toledo Blade.

### NASBY GOES TO NEW YORK.

**His Adventures with a Nigger Delegate from Tennessee.**

NEW YORK, (at a ce'eap boarding-house,) July 4, 1868.

Ef I hed knowd just wat I hed to go through with, I never wood hev figgered for the posishen I now okkepy. Hed I knowd the troubles wich was to beset me, the Corners mite hev gone onrepresentid, and the Democricy mite hev nominatid a candidate without my help. I am at a cheep boardin-house, wich is salubrusly situoatid on an alley, the landlady bein one uv the anshent Kings of Ireland, wich her name is O'Shaughnessy. I coodent get rooms at the Astor, nor the St. Nicholas, cz I coodent git a clerk to look at me for an hour, and when I did succeed in rivitin the attenshun uv one, he flew into a pashen and ordered me to move on, with the onfeelin remark that he hed no room for sich! And that insult mite be salid to injoory, the onfeelin woman who presides over the maushen I inhabit, perceptoonly refoosed to receeve me ontil I pade in advance. I tried several places, but ez I hadn't baggage, the prevailin opnyun seemed to be that advance payment wood be better, and I wuz forst to return to her.

My advenchers on the route were noomerous, if not pleasant.

At some pint in Inglany, where we changed cars, I found the trane we hed to take full uv delegates. In lookin around for a seet I diskivered but one that hadn't two in it, and that one hed in it a disgustin nigger who hed the impoodence to be well drest, and hed a carpet sack beside him.—My Demokratic blood riz to wunst. Seein that in a car filled with Demokratic delegates, anything I shood do to a nigger wood be safe, I stawkt proudly up to him holdin my nose.

"Good Lord!" sez I, "wat a smell!"

"Good Lord!" ekood the delegates wich got on at that stashen, "wat a terrible smell."

My gentle Afrikin frend," sed I soezin him by the collar, "I regret the necessity uv sayin disagreeable things, and still more uv doin em, but the fact is yoor impudence in gettin into a car of white gentlemen with the disgustin odor inseparable from and part uv the Afrikin race, is rather too much. And more especially do I wonder at yoor keepin your seet, while I and these other white gentlemen are standin."

"Out with the nigger!" yelled the lately arrived delegates, "hustle the stinkin cuss."

"Merciful heavens, wat a smell!" sung out others uv em, "hist him!" "hist him!"

Seein myself thus backed, and feelin a little zeal wood be safe, cz niggers can't vote, I knockt his hat out uv the winder, and followed up that demonstration with a serious attempt at liften him out uv the seat. I wood hev succeeded, but the nigger resisted, and resisted vigorously, to wit: He knockt three uv my front teeth down my throte, pulled out wat little there waz left uv the hare that hangs in scanty festoons about my venerable temples, and blackt both my eyes. I wuz lyin on my back in the passage, somewhat astonisht, the nigger standin over me, with his boot heel raised over my face, when some gentlemen came in from another car ond restrained him.

"Mr. Williams," sed tha, "let him up.—He's pore white trash, and not wurth wastin yoor indignashen onto. Let him up, Mr. Williams, let him up."

"Sirs," sed I, risin to my feet, tremulous with rage, "iz this the treetment I am to expect awl the way to Noo York? Am I to be pounded to a jelly by a nigger—a stinkin nigger, sirs, whose oder evin now makes the car ontenable to gentlemen uv refined sensibilities—and to heer the nigger naddrest as 'Mister,' after that instid uv being sore to pieces by the infuryated spectators! O, shame, where iz thy blush!"

"Yoo mizrable cuss," sed wun uv these gentlemen, "appologize to wunst to this gentleman fur yoor insultin roodness, or we'll chuck yoo out uv the cars. Apologize, sir, to Mr. Josef Williams, delegate at large for the Stait uv Tennessee."

I almost fainted. This nigger, then, wuz a delegate! He wuz a regular delegate, armed and equipped with regular credenshels to the Demokratic Nashinel Convention, and I hed been guilty in my zeel uv assaultin uv him! Gladly I apologized, and further, I humbly begged permission to sit beside him, wich he accorded with a graciousnis I never saw ekalled.

It wuz astonishin the change that crept over the Injeany delegates. They crowded around us and shook him by the hand—they dnidn't smell any odor at all any more; on the contrary, they seemed to like him. They addrest him ez "Mister," and several uv em in introdoocin him to their friends who got on at various stashens, yoosed the prefix "Honorable." It's wonderful wat a differonce it makes with a nigger to hev a vote, and also how he votes. Hed that Williams bin infected with Ablishinism, I make no doubt that the stench wich I reely fancied I smelt when I fust undertook to subjoogate him, wood hev continyood to the end uv the trip. In olden time it wuz observed that slave niggers didn't smell—it was only the free ones. It is a settled fact now that Demokratic niggers are inodorous! I milte hev known, however, that the nigger wuz a free nigger, by the way he pitched into me. No nigger in a state uv servitood wood ever hev did sich a thing. That much they owe tu the war, anyhow.

My principal objick in goin to Noo York wuz to de what I cood toward secooring the nomination uv Jethro L. Kippins. I found the delegates badly torn up. The offers made for votes wuz so redikulously low that there wuz much disgust manifested.—The trouble wuz that the markit wuz overstockt. Had the convenshion been pretty ekally divided, and the ballance of power held by a few clost mouthed souls, they could hev made a good thing uv it. But where a whole convenshen is in the markit and all their inflooenshel friends, no candidate kin afford to buy. I withdrew Mr. Kippins towunst. Ez he hez but a small farm and that mortgaged to a grosery keeper, the delegates I approacht laft me to skorn.

I wuz on the Commitee on Resolooshens, or rather wuz in the room ez a sort uv advisory committee while the resolooshens was being drafted. General Forrest uv Tennessee wuz partikilerly anxshus that a resolooshen shood be adoptid denouncin the Radicals, who wuz, with unholy hands, a strivin to destroy the best government the sun ever shone upon, and one the destruction uv wich wood be a calamity wich unborn millions wood shed teers over. He desired a resolooshun pledgin the Dimocriy to stan by the old Stars and Stripes, wich flag had braved a thousand breezes, and wuz synomomous, et settry. Mr. Woolley, Mr. Cobb (Mrs. Cobb's husband), and Perry Fuller pertikolery, desired a resolooshen demandin the turnin out uv offis uv corrupt men, that the government might be administered with suthin like the purity which distinguished it doorin the administration uv the late lamentid Bookannon, at the menshun uv whose name every delegate present held a handkercher to his eyes for five consecutive minits, ez tho a grate greef hed fallen onto him.

Vallandygum insisted that a plank be insercted which recognised nigger suffrage, but that was withheld ontil it cood be definitely ascertained whether Mississippi wuz reely carried by nigger voters or not. If a majority uv the niggers did reely vote the Democratic ticket, it wuz desided that they shood be recognized ex our okals—if not, we'd see em d—d fust.

Cheef Justice Chase wuz expeshully anxyus for a resolooshun denounsin in the severest terms thom onprincipled, fanatical Radikels, who for years hed been laboring to subvert the government, by interferin with the persons and property uv citizens, and also pledgin the Convenshun to that wise conservatism without wich ther cood be no permanence in our government.

I dropt into the Soljers' and Sailers' Convenshen, but I didn't stay long. Them whose noses wuzn't red all wanted to be either President or cabinet orfisers; and uv the balance uv em, the leastest sed the better. My sole indignated ez I saw seated among em the very sutler who refoosed me credit when I wuz servin ez a drafted man in 1863; and also a claim agent who got $10 uv me on the promis uv gettin my bounty, which when he got it he absorbed in fees, costs and commissions. There wuz uv coorse some troo men. There wuz sojers ther which resigned early in the war on akkount uv its bein a d—d Ablishin war, and others who left becoz Linkin wuzunt rapid enuff in makin uv em Major Generals.—There wuz no limit to ther speekin. Every wun hed the speech which he delivered at the Cleveland Convenshen in 1866 carefully preserved, and they all insisted on deliverin em, wich ez I left they were doin, all to themselves. Ef they kin stan it I am willin. We are goin to hev a Soljers Convenshen in Richmond to ratify the nominashens, wich will amount to suthun. We shall have Forrest there, and Boregard and Breckinridge, and ther speeches will count. We will hev the flag uv the two governments entwined, and we will hev the moosic uv both sections played. Sich a Convenshen will amount to suthin.

Wat the platform will be, or who the candidates will be, the Lord only knows. I am prepared for any thin, and so are all the delegates. Ef its Pendleton, on a repoodiashen platform, well and good—ef its Seymour, on a Nashnel Bank platform, jest ez good. I shood be happy to see Breckinridge the choic uv the party, and delighted ef Hancock shood be chosen. I kin hurrah for Chase, and with ekal vigger kin swing my hat for Vallandygum and I find all the delegates similerly affected. The Post Offis is the lean kine wich swallers up all the others. We are willing to sink everything in Post Offis. That my sincerity may not be doubted, let it be remembered that I hev rid with a nigger, from Ingeany to Noo York; hev been whaled by one and hev felt good over it, hev bin hurrahin for an old line Abolishnist, and swearin the while I liked it. Ef any other evidence uv flexibility is needed, I feel ekal to the task. Politically I am ekal to all emergencies.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.
(Wich is Postmaster).

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APPETITE FOR PINS.—The Portland *Advertiser* says: "A young lady in Cumberland county, Maine, healthy, and possessing apparently a very robust constitution, indulged in the foolish habit of keeping pins in her mouth in the night, and even practiced eating with them in her mouth.—As a consequence for the last five or six years she has suffered extremely with gastric irritation, nausea and vomiting, being able to retain but a very little food in her stomach, living for weeks together on a little sweetened water. She is now emaciated, nervous and failing in strength. The points of some of the pins she has felt at times pricking through the skin opposite her stomach, but not sufficiently distinct to have them removed. Her sufferings, and probable doom, so far as the recovery from disease is concerned, should be a warning to all not to indulge in the dangerous practice of holding pins in the mouth, as this is only one of the many instances of disease, and probably death, which have resulted from such a habit."

---

SING a song of Seymour,
And Blair full of ryo;
Every Tammany Injun's
Finger's in the pie.
When the pie is opened
Little birds willings:
"Seymour, Seymour wants to be,
But never will be king."
Blair in the wigwam,
Feeling very frisky,
Full of high ambition
(Synonym for whisky):
Seymour out doors
Showing off his clothes.
'Long comes Ulysses Grant
And nips off his nose.

---

WHEN the news of the nomination of Seymour and Blair reached Wooster, Ohio, the unterrified thereabout fired a salute in honor of the event, and pointed the cannon toward the North, whereat a Grant man standing near quietly observed that they were "firing the same way they did during the war."

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BY his fall from a stairway in Montreal, the other day, Jefferson Davis was much injured, three of his ribs being broken. He was doing well, however, at last accounts.

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PROMINENT Democrats in St. Louis threaten to bolt the ticket as they can't stand Blair. Where the Blairs are best known they are least liked.


## Special Notices.

SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS is highly recommended by physicians for Dyspepsia, on account of its tonic properties in purity, and its delicious flavor. See advertisement in another column.
Sept. 4.—ly

TO THE LADIES—FOR ONLY NOE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silks, Shawls, Dry* and *Fancy Goods* of every description, also, *Silver Ware, Furniture, &c. Valuable Presents*, from $3 to $500, sent *free of charge* to agents sending clubs of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address.

WYETH & CO.,
Successors to MESSENGER & Co.,
P. O., Box, 2931. 42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.
Feb. 5.—6m

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland) No. 605 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in this City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.
Nov. 20, 1867.—ly

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Is the only infallible Hair Preparation, for

RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND PROMOTING ITS GROWTH.

*It is the cheapest preparation ever offered to the public, as one bottle will last longer and accomplish more than three bottles of any other preparation.*

Our Renewer is not a Dye; it will not stain the skin as others.

IT WILL KEEP THE HAIR FROM FALLING OUT.

*It cleanses the Scalp, and makes the Hair SOFT, LUSTROUS, AND SILKEN.*

Our Treatise on Hair sent free by mail.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all Druggists. [July 10-1m.

## Stoves Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); sign same of

THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET,

among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
BARLEY SHEAF,
ECONOMIST,

Also, many other articles for Kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.
April 15, 1867. S. G. COOK.

## Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER.

Mechanical Bakery, Corner Washington and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand the best of

BREAD,
CRACKERS,
CAKES,
PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please.

GIVE US A CALL.

May 25, 1867.

## New Advertisements.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
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COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

This world renowned remedy for the unfailing cure of

DYSPEPSIA,

*Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sourness or Acidity of Stomach, Rising of Food, Flatulency, Lassitude, Weariness, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, finally terminating in Death.*

Is urged upon the attention and trial of sufferers from this most horrible of all diseases. Dyspepsia shows its ravages in a thousand different forms, in fact, all disorders of the Stomach and Bowels, with all their complaints, such as Sick Headache, Heartburn, Depression, general sense of uneasiness and feeling that you are not well. Food distresses and lies sour on your stomach, breath is bad, skin at times flushed and hot; don't feel as if you could move or stir about, and worst of all, Indigestion or Constipation, are nothing more nor less than Dyspepsia. Thousands upon thousands suffer and die this way and neither themselves or physicians know what ails them except that they are surely dying.

Reader we repeat it, this is all Dyspepsia. If you would have proof of our statement, if you would save yourselves and children from an early grave, if you would have health and energy and strength, again we beg you to try one bottle of

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

You will see how soon it will dispel your fool feelings and gloomy forebodings. How soon it will chase away any species of Dyspepsia. How soon it will give you new life and vigor, and how soon it will make a well man or woman of you. For your own sake, for the sake of everybody suffering, we beg, we entreat you to try it.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINT AND BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS,

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.

It is a Sovereign Remedy, while for Fever and Ague, and all those diseases which are generated in a miasmic climate, it is a certain preventive and cure.

That the wonderful medicinal virtues may not stand alone upon our statement, we append a few unsolicited test

ew Advertisements.
S DYSPEPSIA CURE.
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S P E P S I A ,
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ederful medicinal virtues it may not stand
ur statement, we append a few unsolicited
rom those whose position in society and
citizens will place their evidence beyond
and carry with them strength and con-
most incredulous.
ER SEXTON, a wholesale merchant of 39
Milwaukee, one of the most active and
in the State, says, under date
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 24, 1868.
H. CLARK & Co., New Haven, Conn.
Hand sale have used Coe's Dyspepsia Cure,
ersal PERFECT satisfaction to all. Have
NO hesitation in saying that we have re-
AT BENEFIT from its use.
ery respectfully, (Signed) LESTER SEXTON.
renowned Dyspepsia Cure.
SUMMO, Druggist.
No. 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh.
ake great pleasure in stating that, after
ered from dyspepsia for about fifteen years,
ds much more than others have been
ed by the use of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure.—
know that of late years my case has been
one. I had great suffering from eating
food, and on an average would vomit about
of my meals, in a sour, curdled mass.
severe attacks would come, I would lose all
d become utterly helpless. Some of the
ld be of service that for days together I
ain any thing on my stomach, save a lit-
and tea. For years I have not what is
five consecutive hours without intense
the time I took the first dose of this
ceased from that time forward. All soreness
and flesh and strength returned, and
have been able to eat any kind of food
e table. Six months have now passed
symptoms of the return of the disease,
considered by all, even physicians, as
that for a time it was feared it might be
but I am now as well convinced, that I
en merely relieved, but permanently
d can conscientiously recommend Coe's
ure to all victims of the Dyspepsia.
ISAAC AIKEN,
of the Reverend St. M. E. Church, Allegheny.
CLUSIVE EVIDENCE.
NEW HAVEN, Ct., June 1, 1867.
. CLARK & Co.,
ing anxious, from the great benefit de-
ed in spreading the fame of Coe's Dyspep-
ould state my case. Something over a
had a violent attack of Diarrhœa, which
weeks, during which time I employed
ans, but without relief, until I tried
ia Cure. The first dose helped me; I
me a day for a week and was entirely
believe to-day that it saved my life. Be-
is a similar way this season, I took one
se all right. I would advise every
e it on hand ready for immediate use, in
or or Bowel Complaints.
C. DUNN.
Mr. Dunn is in our employ, and we can
above statement being true.
E. ARNOLD & CO.
s Dyspepsia Cure
is invaluable in all cases of Diarrhœa,
olic, Summer Complaints, Griping and
disordered condition of the stomach.
gists in city or country everywhere at
or by application to
C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
New Haven, Ct.
ver. L. F. Ward, Avon, Lorain Co., O.]
MMO & ARMSTRONG,
—It gives me great pleasure to state that
derful great benefit Hop Bitters
ia Cure. She has been for a number of
ry troubled with Prepepsia, accompanied
ous forms of complaint, which no power
at she was all the while, for months, un-
ything. She took Hop Bitters, Coe's
re, and has derived GREAT BENEFIT
and is now comparatively well. She re-
edicine as a great blessing
Truly yours,
L. F. WARD.

## The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, July 24, 1868.

Mr. SPANGLER of Reading township, died very suddenly one day last week from Apoplexy.

PROPERTY SALES.—JAMES BIGHAM has sold his farm to Messrs. FAHNESTOCK and DUNCAN, for $7,000 cash.

Messrs. FAHNESTOCK and DUNCAN have sold one of their building lots, on York street, to WM. H. GRUMBINE for $100 cash.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—Professor JOHN A. LIGHT, the renowned and daring Æronant, will make an ascension from this place some time soon. The time has not been definitely fixed upon but due notice will be given.

CUT.—Whilst Mr. HERSHEY was engaged in repairing Senft's mill in Oxford township, one day last week, he cut his thumb nearly off with a broad axe, close to the hand, the skin at each side merely holding the thumb.

CONVENTIONS.—The Copperhead County Convention has been called to meet on the Monday preceding Court, August 10. The Republican County Committee meets to-morrow to determine the time for holding the Republican Convention.

Yesterday morning an Irish lady made her appearance on the public square, in a state of intoxication, and began to abuse some of our citizens, who in return treated her to a good drubbing, and then sent her up to enjoy the hospitalities of Sheriff HANN.

ADVERTISING.—"That man who pays more for his rent than for his advertising does not know his business." This maxim of an experienced and successful merchant is incontrovertible. It matters less to have a fine store than that everybody should know where it is and what is in it.

ROBBERY.—On Tuesday night last, the Warehouse of BIGHAM & CO., was robbed of a barrel of flour, sugar, coffee, and a large iron safe broken open and some money taken, the amount not known.—The thief gained an entrance through a window on the second story. SINGLETON WELDON has been arrested on suspicion and lodged in jail.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that on Thursday, the 16th inst., a son of J. R. GROUP, of Tyrone township, had his right leg broken, midway between the thigh and knee. It seems while the father and several of the family were engaged in unloading a load of grain, the lad and several other boys were amusing themselves by turning summersets from one of the crossties into the mow, when the accident occurred.—Dr. MARSDEN was immediately sent for, who set the broken limb.

PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—We understand that arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania Central, the Northern Central, the Hanover Branch, and the Gettysburg Rail Road Companies, by which visitors to the *Commencement* exercises of Pennsylvania College, who have paid full fare over those roads can secure free return tickets. On the Reading Rail Road and its connections commutation tickets to Harrisburg can be obtained for the occasion at any point on the road.

DEATH.—Our obituary column to-day records the death of JOHN HOPKINS, a well known colored man of this place, which took place on Sunday last. He has been the Janitor of Pennsylvania College for about thirty years, serving during the larger part of Dr. KRAUTH's Presidency, and the entire Presidency of Dr. BAUGHER. The name of "Jack Hopkins" is a familiar one with the students and graduates of the Institution during this long period, his integrity and fidelity commanding general confidence. The Faculty and Students, in a body, attended his funeral on Monday evening, the services being conducted by Dr. VALENTINE, President of the College, assisted by Profs. FERRIER and CONRAD.

At the Annual Election held on Monday, the 20th inst., Governor GEARY was elected President, and the following gentlemen Directors of the Gettysburg Battle-field Memorial Association: Edmund A. Souder, Henry C. Carey, William M. Hersh, David A. Stewart, A. O. Heister, H. N. McAllister, J. B. Danner, D. McConaughy, R. G. McCreary, George Arnold, A. D. Buehler, Charles Horner and M. L. Stoever.

The Board organized by the election of R. G. McCreary, Vice-President; D. McConaughy, Secretary; George Arnold, Treasurer.

LIGHTNING STROKES.—Not only will the present season be a memorable one by reason of the intense heat and numerous sun-strokes, but also an account of the large number of fatal electrical discharges. Our exchanges record an unusual number of deaths from lightning—men, horses and cattle being struck in the open field. A person struck directly by lightning can seldom be saved; but when the injury is the result of concussion from a stroke of lightning, re-active-ary remedies promptly applied will bring relief in most of instances. We see it recommended, in such cases, to dash cold water rapidly over the body and keep up friction by active rubbing. A little presence of mind, and the prompt application of simple remedies of this kind, until a physician can be called in, will often save life.

MURDEROUS ATTACK.—We learn from a recent number of the Marshall county (Missouri) *Banner*, that on the preceding Tuesday a murderous attack on Mr. VINCENT BIERBOWER, the editor, was made by a notorious Rebel named BYRANT, armed with a bowie-knife, inflicting serious, if not fatal wounds. Mr. BIERBOWER is a brother of WASHINGTON BIERBOWER, Tobacconist of this place. He graduated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, in 1866, and went to Missouri, taking charge of the Marshall County *Banner*, an earnest out-spoken Republican journal. His fearless denunciations of the Rebel Democracy attracted the attention of the Ku-Klux, who posted one of their peculiar coffin and cross-bones bills on his office a few nights preceding the assault, which is attributed by his friends to that murderous organization. BYRANT, a notorious returned Rebel, was selected to do the work, who way-laid and attacked BIERBOWER on the street, the latter being unarmed. Nevertheless he succeeded in wrenching the knife from the assassin, turned upon him and would probably have despatched him but for the interference of other Rebel friends of BYRANT. As it was, the latter was badly wounded. The Republicans of the North have little conception of the outrages to which loyal men are subject in the Rebel and Border States, where the true spirit of modern "Democracy" manifests itself in daily insults, persecution and murder.

THE PLACE TO BUY CHEAP.—Housekeepers and others wanting to buy good Cooking Stoves, the best in the market, warranted to bake and give satisfaction, or any thing in the line of Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Hollow Ware, Chamber Sets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Coffee Mills, Bird Cages, Fruit Jars and Cans, Waiters, &c. &c., will find just what they want at the Ware-room of Col. C. H. BUEHLER, corner of Railroad and Carlisle street, opposite the Passenger Depot, and at prices which defy competition. tf

CARDS.—With our new Gordon Jobber, and full assortment of Fancy Job Type, we are prepared to furnish, at an hour's notice, all kinds of Visiting or Business Cards, Wedding Cards, Ball, Concerts and Lecture Tickets, in PLAIN or FANCY colors, equal to the best City work. Our new Gordon works beautifully, and can be seen in operation any day.

SUN-STROKE.—The intense heat of the last few weeks has caused an unusual number of cases of sun-stroke, many of them proving fatal. As we are in the midst of the "hot" season, it would be well for all to understand something of the nature of sun-stroke, and what to do to ahl any prostrated by it. It is an affection of the nervous system associated with vertigo and headache, the result of exposure to great heat. Living in crowded and poorly ventilated houses predisposes persons to attack. Dr. HARRIS, of the New York Board of Health, suggests, the following brief precautions and treatment:—(1.) When exposed to excessive heat, the natural perspiration or sweating must not be checked. Let the sweat flow, and do not throw off all the flannel garments. (2.) Wash the head and neck frequently in cold water, and, if exposed in the sun or in any very hot place, wear upon the top of the head, under a hat or otherwise, a light handkerchief, or other thin folds of cloth, wet with cold water. Remember that the cheek and neck must be kept cool, and also be free from the pressure of tight clothing. (3.) If headache, dizziness, a feeling of tightness across the forehead, a failing of sight, or a feeling of weakness and prostration ("giving out") occurs, let the person immediately go to a cool place and lie down with the back and the feet covered, and have a few quarts of cold water poured slowly upon the head and the sides of the neck. If the symptoms are not at once relieved, send for the nearest good physician. (4.) *What to do until the physician comes.*—If the patient is still sweating, let them drink freely of cold black tea or coffee; tea is best. But, if sweating has ceased, there is very great danger; then, the head, face, neck and entire chest should be rapidly sponged with ice water, and a bag of pounded ice, well covered with a towel, should be kept under the head and the back of the neck. Give a mixture of the carbonate of ammonia (hartshorn) and muriate of ammonia, eight or ten grains of each, in water every ten or fifteen minutes, until the physician comes, or until the patient rallies and sweats.

Enfeebled, intemperate, poorly fed, over fed and irritable persons are most in danger of the fatal effect of heat. People who live and sleep in foul air and unventilated places, and who are overworked and under fed, and who use intoxicating drinks, suffer greatly. Instead of intoxicating drink and the bad habit of morning and evening *drams*, let good black tea and coffee, and good nourishing and well cooked food, be regularly taken. Bathe the whole body early in the morning in order to have a clean skin and good natural sweating during the day.

Laborers, and others who have much to do, should rise so early that they can have several rests, and keep in the shade, if possible, from 11 till 4 o'clock in these very hot days. And let this most important fact be remembered, namely, that by natural sweating (perspiration) the body is kept healthfully cool when exposed to these terrible heats, and that over exertion, passion, and all kinds of intemperance must be avoided.

PERFUMES.—Our lady readers will probably be interested to learn a very simple method of securing the perfume of roses and flowers from their own gardens, without the necessity of purchasing perfumery at enormous prices. It is generally supposed that all the essences of flowers are produced by distillation. This is far from being the case; some of them would be seriously injured by such a process, and are sought and fixed, as it were, by what may be termed a fat trap. In the flower season at Cannes (France) the plates of glass are thinly covered with clarified inodorous fat; upon or under this fat the flowers are placed, and the power this substance has to absorb and retain perfumes is astonishing. On these sheets of glass the most delicate odors are thus fixed almost as securely as, on the collodian prepared plates, the most delicate pictures are retained. In this way the jessamine, the violet, the tuberose, the orange perfumes travel across France, and arrive here as pure as the day they were given forth from the flowers. Circumstances, or emancipation of the odor from its imprisonment is very simple; the fat, cut into small cubes, is placed in spirits of wine and the delicate essence immediately deserts the coarse fat for more spiritual solvent. Mr. Piesse, in his interesting work on perfumery, says that, "while cultivators of gardens spend thousands for the gratification of the eye, they altogether neglect the nose. Why should we not grow flowers for their odors as well as their colors?" and we may add that ladies may utilize some of our own waste garden perfumes very easily. The violets, opening the lily of the valley, honeysuckle, myrtle, clove, pink, and wallflower perfumes, such as we get in the shops, are made up odors cunningly contrived from other flowers. Yet they may be made pure with a little trouble. For instance, do you want genuine heliotrope pomade? If there is a glue pot in the house, and it happens to be clean, fill it with clarified fat, set it near the hot house fire, or any other fire, just to make the fat liquid, and throw in as many heliotrope flowers as possible; let them remain for 24 hours, strain off the fat and add fresh ones; repeat this process for a week, and the fat will have become a pomade *a la* heliotrope. The same process may be gone through with all other flowers mentioned. A lady may in this manner make her own perfume, and we may add, in the words of Mr. Piesse, "one that she cannot obtain for love or money at the perfumer's."

### YORK SPRINGS, PA., July 21, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—In the advanced stage of improvement we find nothing so universally beneficial for the traveling public and citizens generally as the Excelsior and Loop Stich Patent Fly Nets, manufactured by Mr. J. L. WORLEY of this place.

The trial having proved a complete success, the demand for them is beyond the expectation of every one. They are very neat and durable, the very article to show a fine horse to good advantage. We can safely recommend them to all horsemen and those desirous of benefiting that most valuable of domestic animals.

"A Merciful man is merciful to his horse".

A. HORSEMAN.

SAMBO says, that the girls in some parts of Pennsylvania are so hard up for husbands that they sometimes marry editors. In Petersburg, (N. S.,) and vicenity, the girls appear so attractive, wearing the dress goods obtained at HARTMAN and SADLER's that they marry just as the please, and after they commence housekeeping, they go to HARTMAN and SADLER's for goods of all kinds on account of the remarkably low prices at which they sell. It

THE DELICATE AND INFIRM.—The most incredulous are convinced of the virtues of Speer's "Standard Wine Bitters" upon a trial of them. Their base is pure wine, with herbs and roots, so favorable known to the Medical Profession and the community at large. They are all that can be desired by the most feeble and infirm. It

Druggists sell the Bitters. It

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK.—Having largely added to our facilities for Job Printing, we are now enabled with the aid of our Campbell Power Press, Gordon Jobber, and Hand Presses, to turn out promptly all kinds of Printing, from the smallest Card to the largest Poster, including Pamphlets, Speeches, Catalogues, Circulars, Programmes, &c. With our new Presses and enlarged assortment of type, we claim to have one of the best Printing offices in the State, and shall be glad at all times to see our friends.

The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, in another part of this paper. This truly Valuable Medicine is recommended by all who use it. Read the certificates. eow

### NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—The County commissioners have made the levy for 1868, and the rate of tax will be 35 cents. This with the State tax of 19 cents will make a total of 54 cents tax.

FRANKLIN.—On Thursday last, a little boy about three years of age, son of Mr. John Kline, residing about two miles south of Loudon, was drowned.

FREDERICK.—The Frederick *Union* says that gold quartz of fine quality has been found in a spur of the Blue Ridge.—The 1st National Bank of Frederick has declared a dividend of 9 per cent.—Mr. Samuel T. Houston, formerly a resident of Frederick city and well known to many of our citizens, died from the effects of sunstroke, in Richmond, Va., on Wednesday last.—Rogers Birnie, Jr., of this county, has received the appointment of Cadet to West Point.—A new postoffice has been established at Broad-Run in this county with Daniel Grove as post master.—Mr. D. S. Kemp was sun struck on Wednesday, last, whilst engaged in stacking wheat for Ezra M. Brengle, Esq., living near Mt. Pleasant and has been in a critical condition since.

FULTON.—Geo. Bowman, jr., was struck by lightning while taking some cows to pasture; he was much injured. He had at the time a pitchfork in his hand.

YORK.—Wm. Slagle, of Hanover, aged 27 years, died on the 13th inst., of cholera morbus, brought on by the injurious eating of cucumbers.—Mrs. D. Wallace of Dover township, committed suicide on Tuesday of last week, by hanging herself with a wash-line in the barn. Her mind had been unsettled for some time.—Henry D. Berkheimer, met with a painful accident at Dutrey's saw mill, in Carroll township, on the 9th inst., by having his right hand caught in a circular saw while it was in motion. His little finger was nearly cut off and the hand otherwise badly mutilated.—A new iron bridge is to be built over the Codorous Creek, on King street at York, during the present summer.—James Hunter of Glen Rock had a sun-stroke one day last week and died from the effects in a short time.—The Albrights intend holding a campmeeting on the 10th of August, in Keinard's woods 7 miles south of Wrightsville.

BUILDING LUMBER, &c.—The attention of Farmers, Builders, Contractors, and others, is invited to the large assortment of LUMBER of all kinds suitable for building purposes, to be found at Col. C. H. BUEHLER's Lumber Yard, at corner of Carlisle street and Railroad depot, including Boards, Planks, Flooring, Siding, Laths, Pickets, Shingles, &c.—Also Posts, hewed and sawed, with prime Fencing Boards, white Pine and Hemlock. His stock is not only large, but his arrangements are such that he can sell at the very lowest cash rates. Also, constantly on hands Black-smith, Line-Burners' and Stove COAL. tf

Beautiful and of Uniform Excellence. A well-known, safe, and speedy agent for restoring gray hair to its original color, for preventing the loss of the hair, for promoting its healthy growth and increasing its beauty, a gradual but certain cure for baldness, and an essential toilet requisite for all who prize that choicest gift of nature, a bountiful supply of hair: the above is said by all who use Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle*) Every Druggist sells it: Price One Dollar. July 10—1m

"'Tis the penalty of nature that all must fade and wither." The first inroad upon our personal charms is generally denoted by the hair, and in most cases prematurely. Let all who would preserve their natural capillary adornments make haste to apply that never failing potency, "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative."—*Hartford Courant.* It.

If Samsons's strength actually lay in the length and abundance of his hair, a liberal use of the famous "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" ought to impart many times the strength of that doughty ancient warrior, for there is no limit it will not reach if properly applied.—*N. H. Patriot.* It

Sweet Alissum is a pretty little garden-flower; but if you want a whiff of *sweet elysium*, you will find the nearest approach to it in the heavenly odor of PHALON's new perfume. FLOR DE MAYO." Sold by all druggists. 2—4

NEW JOB PRESS.—We have received our new Gordon Card Press, and are now prepared to turn out Cards and Circulars of all kinds, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Checks, Tickets, &c., in PLAIN and FANCY colors, in the best style, at low rates, and on short notice. Give us a call.

Mr. Pendleton has made a speech eulogistic of the convention which rejected him, and of its candidates. He says that in 1868, "*for the first time in their history*, the American people realized that free government was in danger and that the fate of the republic trembled in the balance." There was no danger, according to him in 1860-61, when State after State unfurled the banner of rebellion, when the national forts were captured, the national army was defeated and the national capital besieged; nor at any time during the four years' struggle with a powerful insurrection.

## Review of the Markets.

### Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.

*Baltimore, Thursday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | 8 00 | @ | 9 75 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 9 00 | @ | 6 75 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 2 05 | @ | 2 40 |
| RED WHEAT, | 2 30 | @ | 2 35 |
| CORN, | 1 16 | @ | 1 18 |
| RYE, | 1 65 | @ | 1 70 |
| OATS, | 60 | @ | 70 |
| TIMOTHY-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| CLOVER-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| FLAX-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| BACON, SHOULDERS, | 14 | @ | 14½ |
| " SIDES, | 16 | @ | 17 |
| " HAMS, | 21½ | @ | 22 |
| LARD, | 17½ | @ | 18 |
| GOLD, Phila. | | | 1 43 |

### Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.

*Gettysburg, Friday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | | | 10 00 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 11 00 | @ | 12 00 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 2 20 | @ | 2 75 |
| RED WHEAT, | 000 | @ | 2 00 |
| CORN, | | | 1 15 |
| RYE, | | | 1 40 |
| OATS, | | | 75 |
| BUCKWHEAT, | | | 1 00 |
| TIMOTHY SEED, | | | 2 50 |
| CLOVER SEED, | | | 6 00 |
| POTATOES, | 1 60 | @ | 1 70 |
| BUTTER, | | | 22 |
| LARD, | | | 15 |
| EGGS, | | | 15 |
| BACON, HAMS, | | | 18 |
| " SIDES, | | | 15 |
| " SHOULDERS, | | | 15 |
| SOAP, | 7 | @ | 8 |
| TALLOW, | | | 10 |

### MARRIED.

HINKLE—CROUSE.—On the 19th inst., by Rev. Jacob Sechler, Mr. John H. Hinkle to Miss Alverta Crouse, both of Littlestown.

### DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

CASSATT.—On the 16th inst., in Cumberland township, Augustus Cassatt, aged 13 years 4 months and 5 days.

GRAHN.—On the 20th inst., Victor Hugo, son of Rev. H. and Mary Grahn, of Philadelphia, aged 10 months.

HOPKINS.—On Sunday last, John Hopkins, (colored,) Janitor of Pa. College, aged 62 years.

PRITCHARD.—On the 17th inst., in this place Charles, only child of Rev. Charles and Lydia J. Pritchard, of Perryville, Juniata county, Pa., aged 3 months.

New Advertisements.

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKEESPORT, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. July 24, 1868.—tf

NOTICE.
I have left my SALE NOTES with Maj. NASH O. CAMP, near Arendtsville, for collection. As they fall due on the *17th day of August next* and prompt payment is desired, persons indebted will call on Maj. CAMP. JOHN HOOVER.
July 24 -3t

$10 REWARD.
THE above will be paid to any person giving the subscriber such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who have upon several occasions rolled my Portable Forge down the hill at my Quarry, and injuring it in other ways. PETER BEYLER.
July 24-3t

LICENSE.—The following applications to keep a Restaurant, have been filed in my office, with the requisite number of signers, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions, on *the 3rd Monday of August*, 1868:
D. & S. G. LAWRENCE, Mount Pleasant township.
SAMUEL FISHER & CO., Gettysburg Borough.
A. W. MINTZER, Clerk.
July 24.—3t

DISSOLUTION.
Notice is hereby given, that the partnership between J. H. MILLER, SAMUEL A. KELLER, of the Borough of Littlestown, was dissolved on the 15th day of July, 1868, so far as relates to the said J. H. MILLER. All debts due to the said Partnership are to be paid, and those due from the same discharged at Littlestown, to and by the said M. A. KELLER, where the Foundry and Machine business will be continued by the said M. A. KELLER, under his own name.
J. H. MILLER,
M. A. KELLER.
July 24—3t

DR. R. B. ELDERDICE,
Announces to his friends, and the public, that he has returned to NEW SALEM, and resumed practice.
Office at the Hotel.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. July 17.—1m*

Normal School.
THE Fall Term of the Gettysburg Normal School will open on MONDAY, AUGUST 10. A few more students of both sexes can be received. The school is pleasantly located, is well supplied with the best of furniture, apparatus, maps, charts, &c., and affords excellent facilities to those wishing to qualify themselves either for teaching or business. A competent corps of teachers is employed. Greek and Latin will be taught, if desired.
Session, 10 weeks. Terms, $7.00, invariably in advance. Application should be made early, either in person or by letter, to
AARON SHEELY,
Gettysburg, Pa.
July 24.—3t

FOR SALE.
THE undersigned wishing to retire from business, will sell the entire Stock and fixtures of a first class
Millinery & Notion Store.
Splendid opening for a fashionable Milliner. Terms easy. For particulars address
MRS. M. DAVIS,
July 21.—2m Chambersburg, Pa.

BUILDERS
Look to your Interest.
THE undersigned still continues in the Lumber business, at his old stand, 3½ miles east of Emmitsburg, Md., and has a large stock of well-seasoned
WHITE PINE BOARDS & PLANK
of all qualities and prices; also,
*WHITE & YELLOW PINE FLOORING, SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATHS, PAILINGS, &C.,*
also, an assortment of Groceries, Nails, Glass, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures.—Thankful for past favors he solicits a continuance of the same.
July 24, 1868.—2m* A. WAYBRIGHT.

Journeymen Carpenters
WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
GOOD WAGES will be given for first class hands.—Apply immediately to
W. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
June 19.—tf Gettysburg, Pa.

BOROUGH SCHOOL ACCOUNT.
E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer in account with Gettysburg School District, from June 1, 1867, to June 1, 1868.

DR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance due on duplicate of 1865 | $141 02 |
| " " " 1866 | 561 14 |
| Amount of Duplicate of 1867 | 2,107 00 |
| Received from State Appropriation | 317 94 |
| " " Tuition | 18 45 |
| Balance due Treasurer, June 1, 1868 | 452 57 |
| | $4,613 35 |

CR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance due Treasurer, June 1, 1867 | $64 40 |
| Temporary Loan paid Banks of Gettysburg | 600 00 |
| Amount paid Teachers | 2,107 00 |
| " " Janitor | 60 00 |
| " " Boiling | 36 00 |
| Fuel, Stationery, &c | 216 66 |
| Repairs | 118 56 |
| Quit Rents | 3 56 |
| Debt and Interest | 362 70 |
| Collectors' Fees | 114 42 |
| Abatement | 90 42 |
| Enumeration, 1866 and 1867 | 12 11 |
| Treasurer's Salary | 142 17 |
| Balance Outstanding on Duplicate of 1865 | 91 02 |
| " " " 1866 | 561 14 |
| " " " 1867 | 675 12 |
| | $4,613 35 |

Amount of Building Debt, June 1, 1868.....$2,150 00
Audited, and published by order of the Board,
H. WARREN, President.
J. F. MCCREARY, Secretary. July 17.—3t

QUARTERLY REPORT of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.
JULY 6, 1868.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $155,292 73 |
| U.S. Bonds at Washington to secure circulation | 150,000 00 |
| U.S. Bonds on hand | 50,000 00 |
| Cash | 39,475 15 |
| Due from Banks | 27,087 38 |
| Real Estate | 5,000 00 |
| Premiums | 2,513 75 |
| Bonds | 600 00 |
| Cash Items | 309 23 |
| Expenses | 126 67 |
| | $430,634 91 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | $145,150 00 |
| Circulation | 130,500 00 |
| Deposits | 124,022 55 |
| Surplus | 17,100 00 |
| State Circulation | 4,710 00 |
| Discounts | 8,119 16 |
| Profit and Loss | 2,201 25 |
| Dividends unpaid | 1,975 73 |
| Due to Banks | 1,749 24 |
| | $430,634 91 |

I certify that the above report is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
July 10.—3t J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.
JULY 6, 1868.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Discounts and Over Drafts | $108,951 46 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 700 00 |
| Current Expenses and Premiums | 1,966 61 |
| Revenue Stamps | 303 16 |
| Due from Banks | 21,088 28 |
| U. S. Bonds | 150,000 00 |
| R. R. Bonds | 20,000 00 |
| Cash | 25,547 50 |
| | $332,603 21 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital paid in | $100,000 00 |
| Surplus Fund | 5,620 30 |
| Circulation | 89,185 00 |
| Deposits | 134,190 55 |
| Due to Banks | 2,782 42 |
| Discount and Exchange | 1,309 45 |
| Profits and Loss | 1,121 20 |
| Dividends unpaid | 183 20 |
| | $332,602 21 |

I certify that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
July 10.—3t GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

THE
Philadelphia Inquirer,
*Double Sheet, Forty Columns, the Great Newspaper of Philadelphia! and the Best and Cheapest Newspaper in the United States, at Twelve Cents per week.*
THE INQUIRER
Furnishes the desideratum of a genuine Newspaper within the means of any member of the community. The Publisher has spared neither pains nor expense to place the INQUIRER in the foremost rank of the daily Morning Papers of the United States; and his successful efforts in the past are an earnest of his intentions at the present, and in the future.
EXPERIENCED SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS are permanently stationed at Washington, Harrisburg, New York, Baltimore, Cairo, Annapolis, London, in the U. S. Navy, and at different points throughout Pennsylvania.
TRAINED SPECIAL REPORTERS are always sent to any part of the Continent where events of general interest may be transpiring.
THE HOME EDITORIAL AND REPORTORIAL CORPS are unusually varied and efficient.
THE FINANCES AND MARKETS are fully and carefully reported every day.
THE INQUIRER'S LOCAL NEWS is always the fullest and the most authentic in the City. The affairs of Pennsylvania are carefully chronicled in its columns.
THE INQUIRER is independent in politics, nationalist in its policy, has ever and will always maintain the integrity of the Union as the fundamental principle in American Statesmanship.
Prices at which the PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER is served by careful Carriers everywhere or sent by Mail, Twelve Cents a week, and sold by all News Agents.
DAILY PAPER, $ 50 for 1 month, payable in advance.
" " $6 00 for 3 months, " "
July 17.—tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.
NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
THE undersigned has opened a new building, for the Boot and Shoe establishment, on Carlisle st. near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, where he now offers for sale,
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,
for men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.
WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited. Call in, and select from his stock or leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.
July 17, 1868.—1y JOHN M. KELLING.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.
I have opened an agency for the
SALE OF REAL ESTATE,
in connection with my law business in Gettysburg and will give personal attention to the
Examination of Titles, Conveyancing & Investment of money.
Parties wishing to sell, or buy lands, may find it to their advantage to call. Several
Farms and Woodland
in the neighborhood of Gettysburg—also, property in town for sale.
B. G. MCCREARY,
Gettysburg, July 10, 1868.—tf. Attorney at law.

$75 TO $200 PER MONTH SALARY paid to Agents, male or female, introducing our PATENT EVERLASTING WHITE WIRE CLOTHES LINES. Address AMERICAN WIRE CO., 75 William st., N. Y., or 16 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

CIRCULAR,
MILL,
MULAY,
GANG and
CROSS CUT
SAWS.
Every Saw that leaves our Factory is Oil Tempered and Patent Ground, *perfectly* true and even, and made of uniform temper by our patent tempering process.
AXES,
Common shape, as good as the best. The
RED JACKET
(COLBURN'S PATENT)
AXE
cannot be excelled. We guaranty they will cut 25 per cent. more than common Axes, with less labor to the chopper.
Send for circular and prices to
LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.,
Sole Manufacturers. For sale by principal Hardware Dealers.

Star Agricultural Works.
THE ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO. Albany, New York, Manufacturers of General Agricultural Machinery, comprising the celebrated "Star" Threshing Machines; "Star" Railway (or Endless Chain) and Lever Horse Powers; "Star" Cotton Gins and Condensers; Circular Cross-cut Saw-Mills; Vegetable Cutters; Corn Shellers; Hay Forks; Corn and Feed Mills; Power Corn Shellers; Rag Powers, &c. &c.
We wish to call the particular attention of Farmers to our celebrated "STAR" THRESHER AND CLEANER, which, as lately improved, we claim is far superior to any other machine now in market. It is compact and easily portable, simple in its construction, and therefore easy to operate by the most inexperienced, and will do its work with more marvellous rapidity and perfection, and with comparatively the least draft and wear upon the strength of the animals driving it.
We have made recent improvements in the machine by which we are enabled to *thoroughly clean the grain* under a blast of the combined power, and we are now using an entirely new and effective device for relieving the straw of grain. Thus we claim the operation of ordinary machines it is another and frequently destructive of health.
We also have a large assortment of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, PLATED WARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES, SEWING MACHINES, &c. &c., for the uniform price of ONE DOLLAR. Circulars sent to any address free.
PARKER & CO.,
Nos. 98 and 100 Summer st., Boston.

We are prepared to receive Advertisements for a NEW LIST OF FIFTY NEWSPAPERS ON THE
PACIFIC COAST,
EMBRACING
CALIFORNIA, OREGON, NEVADA,
AND THE TERRITORIES OF
MONTANA, UTAH, IDAHO and WASHINGTON.
Also a New List of Newspapers, by which we can insert an Advertisement occupying an inch of space, in
250 NEWSPAPERS,
For 50 Cents each per month.
SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR.
ADDRESS
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
40 Park Row, N. Y.
July 10—3t

Books, Drugs, Medicines.
HUBER'S
DRUG STORE.
*Forney's old Stand—Baltimore Street,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.
HAVING purchased this old and popular Stand, and laid in an entirely new and fresh Stock, after a full assortment, consisting in part of
DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES.
PATENT MEDICINES—A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
PURE LIQUORS & WINES FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS. [POSES.
DYES & DYE-STUFFS—HOW & STEVENS' DYES.
EXCELSIOR DYES, AND THE ANILINE DYES—THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.
ALL THE NEW AND ELEGANT PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.
COLGATE'S, AND OTHER SUPERIOR SOAPS.
FORNEY'S HORSE POWDERS—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST; ALSO, FOUTZ'S, ELLS, DALE'S PERSIAN, STONEBRAKER'S AND ROBERTS.
STATIONERY

# The Farm and Fireside.

### WASTE IN FEEDING.

One of the elements of success in trade lies in the careful attention to details, the stoppage of leaks, the boldness for large ventures linked to the careful mastery of details. In this respect agriculturists are an age behind business men. It is easy to be penny wise in a small way, but that is far different from the broad sighted economy we commend. If we could get at the figures of actual waste in injudicious feeding of stock, for instance, they would be so large as to startle the reader. Hay trampled in the mud, corn in the cob thrown to the pigs—such pictures are as common as farm yards in the country. Commenting on one feature of this fact a writer in the New York *Times* says:

"It is an expensive system of management to feed whole grain to any kind of animals. All kinds of cereal grain are provided with a tough hull, or skin, which the digestive powers of most animals will not dissolve; consequently, if the skin is not broken before the grain enters the stomach, the kernels will usually pass off with the droppings, without affording the animals that swallowed the grain any more nourishment than fragments of wood of equal size.

During the month of August last the writer procured a quantity of horse manure for top-dressing strawberry plants, and in a few days after the mulch was spread around the plants the unbroken kernels of oats vegetated, so that the entire surface of the ground appeared as green as a lawn. This fact showed conclusively that much of the grain had never afforded the animals that swallowed it any nourishment at all.

Young horses having sound and sharp teeth will sometimes crush every kernel.—But old horses, with poor teeth, frequently swallow half their mess of oats without breaking the skin of the kernel.

When mills are at a distance, and people will persist in feeding whole grain, it will always be found advantageous to soak the grain at least about twenty-four hours before using it. Suppose, for example, a teamster is accustomed to feed a team eight quarts of Indian corn and oats at each feeding, say three times a day. Let the grain be put in a pail and covered with warm water every time the team is fed. This plan would require three pails when a team is fed three times daily. Warm water is far better than cold water, as cold water in cold weather will soften the grain but little.—Teamsters may rest assured that it will pay well for all trouble to soak the grain before feeding."

### CUTTING WHEAT EARLY.

The majority of Farmers allow their wheat to get too ripe before it is cut, and it is estimated that they thus lose one fourth of its value. The same may be said of oats. The *Model Farmer*, of Corinth, Miss., advises its patrons to cut some of their wheat at least ten days before it is ripe, and then cut some in a riper state, keep the two lots separate, weigh the wheat, and compare the results. The wheat cut before it is ripe will have the "plumpest, heaviest, thinnest skinned, and most nutritive grain."

The *Dixie Farmer* shows the philosophy of the principle as follows:

1. The liability to rust is greatly lessened. The pest, it is known, is oftener destructive with the days of "dead ripe" than at any previous time.

2. Waste from scattered grains is avoided. This may appear a small matter, but in a large crop allowed to ripen dead the loss will be very considerable.

3. Early harvesting gives more time for securing the grain properly, without being hurried to prevent loss by shelling out if the weather is dry, or from sprouting if the weather is wet.

Among the scientific reasons in support of early harvesting are these: At twelve or fourteen days before becoming "dead ripe" the grain is in the milk state, and there is but little woody fibre, almost the entire grain consisting of starch, gluten, sugar, and water. As the grain ripens, the woody fibre increases at the expense of the starch and sugar, and the quality of the grain is proportionately decreased. The loss in weight of the grain from the milk state to "dead ripe" is at least 15 per cent. and the increase of bran is 4 per cent.

The *Journal of Agriculture*, in publishing the foregoing, says:

To the above we add, that the straw of wheat or oats is much more valuable when cut early. It comes out green and fragrant, and contains more nutriment.

The best time to cut wheat or other like grain is just as the grain enters the doughy state, and no longer yields milk.

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TWELVE THOUSAND ACRES OF ROSES.—Mr. Blunt, the British Vice Consul at Adrianople, in his report to the foreign office this year, gives an account of the rose fields of Adrianople, extending over twelve or fourteen thousand acres, supplying the most important source of wealth in that district. The season for picking the roses is from the latter part of April to the early part of June; and at sunrise the plain looks like a vast garden full of life and fragrance, with hundreds of Bulgarian boys and girls gathering the flowers into baskets and sacks, the air impregnated with the delicious scent, and the scene enlivened by songs, dances and music.

It is estimated that the rose districts of Adrianople produced in the season of 1866 about seven hundred thousand miscals of attar of roses, (the miscal being one and a half drachms,) the price averaging a little more than three shillings sterling per miscal. If the spring is cool, and there are copious falls of dew and occasional showers, the crops prosper, and an abundant yield of oil is secured. The season in 1866 was so favorable that eight okes of petals, (less than twenty-three pounds,) and in some cases seven okes, yielded a miscal of oil. If the weather is very hot and dry it takes double that quantity of petals. The culture of the rose does not entail much trouble or expense. The oil is extracted from the petals by the ordinary process of distillation. The attar is bought up for foreign markets, to which it passes through Constantinople and Smyrna, where it is generally dispatched to undergo the process of adulteration with sandal and other oils. It is said that in London the Adrianople attar finds a readier sale when it is adulterated than when it is genuine.

---

AN unusual disease prevails among the horses in some parts of Delaware county, which has caused the death of several valuable animals. The Chester *Republican* says it is entirely new, and defies the skill of even the most practical horse doctors.—The symptoms are drowsiness, loss of appetite, and apparent loss of sight. The animal wanders about without knowing where he is going. In one instance, a fine mare, belonging to a gentleman in Haverford, ran against a stone wall and killed herself.—The most powerful medicines, such as croton oil in large quantities, laudanum, aloes, &c., failed to have the least effect, in all the cases of which we have heard.

---

SLOBBERING IN HORSES.—A correspondent of the Boston *Cultivator* says this is a disease in horses, and is caused by farmers turning their animals out at night in a field where the second growth of clover is growing. He has found that a table-spoonful of saltpetre cures the worst cases. In all his experience he has never found a second dose necessary.

---

THE essence of true nobility is neglect of self. Let the thought of self pass in and the beauty of action is gone, like the bloom from a soiled flower.


## Medical.

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Terms, from whatever Cause, and always successful as a Preventive.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "bring on miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by J. M. HUBER, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country "free of postage."

April 29, 1868.—1y

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

The First Premium

of a Silver Medal was awarded

Barrett's Hair Restorative,

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair holden in Nashua, Sept. 20, 1866.

BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE restores Gray Hair to its natural color. Promotes the growth of the Hair. Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,

Manchester, N. H.

☞Sold by Dr. B. Horner, Gettysburg; J. S. Tanghinbaugh, Hampton; Hartman and Sadler, Petersburg; Snyder & Son, Littlestown, and Druggists generally. Feb. 12, 1868 —1y

THE GREAT CHOLERA PREVENTATIVE.

I.

X. 1866. L.

THE GREAT

Zingari Bitters.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopens, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. This he was led to think and experiment; and after ten years' study and labor, he presented to his fellow-man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him, who discovered it.—His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopens, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anæmia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, &c.

Price One Dollar per quart Bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel keepers and Grocers generally.

☞G. F. KALBFLEISCH, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. P. BAITER, Sole Proprietor Harrisburg, Pa.

Speer's Standard

WINE BITTERS!

FOR THE WEAK,
FOR THE PALE,
FOR THE SICKLY,
FOR THE AGED,
FOR FEMALES,
FOR SPRING USE!!!

☞ No Bitters equal to them! ☜

SPEER'S STANDARD WINE BITTERS,

—MADE OF—

Wine, Herbs and Roots.

Speer's Celebrated Wine, so well known, with

PERUVIAN BARK,
CHAMOMILE FLOWERS,
SNAKE ROOT
WILD CHERRY BARK,
GINGER,

and such other HERBS and ROOTS as will in all cases assist Digestion, promote the Secretions of the system in its natural channels, and give

TONE AND VIGOR

TO THE

*Young and Old, Male and Female!*

All use it with wonderful success. Brings

COLOR

To the pale white lip,

BLOOM AND BEAUTY

To the thin face and care worn countenance.

Cures FEVER and Creates APPETITE. Try them. Use none other. PEACE IS RESTORED BY SWAYNE'S BITTERS. Sold by Druggists and Grocers. See that my signature is over the cork of each bottle.

ALFRED SPEER,

Passaic, N. J., and 243 Broadway, New York.

☞Trade supplied by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia; GEORGE A. KELLY, Pittsburgh and by all Wholesale Dealers.

July 10, 1868. [Sept. 4, 1867.—1y

## Foundry.

FARMERS,

Attend to your Interests!

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORN PODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS;

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also SHEERMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE.

He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low rates.

FOR SALE.—A One-horse Wagon.

DAVID STERNER.

April 15, 1868.—tf

## Hoop Skirts.

628 HOOP SKIRTS. 628

WM. T. HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE"

OF

"KEYSTONE SKIRTS,"

are the best and CHEAPEST Low Priced Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 25 springs, $1.00; 30 springs, $1.25; and 40 springs, $1.45. Flat in Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 90 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. *Warranted in every respect.*

"Our OWN Make" of "UNION SKIRTS." Eleven Tape Trails, from 30 to 50 springs, $1.30 to $2.50.—Plain, Six Tapes, 30 to 50 springs, from 95 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments at first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best Horse-finished English Steel Springs, very supple in tapes, and the style of the metallic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, will wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.* They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining counties at very moderate prices. If you want the best, ask for "Hopkin's Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find our different grades of Skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALESROOM, 628 ARCH ST., Between 6th and 7th sts., Philadelphia.

Feb. 26, 1868.—3m WM. T. HOPKINS.

## Miscellaneous.

GRANITE-YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

*ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.*

PETER BEITTLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—

Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.

☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

June 3.—tf

WAGON MAKING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the

WAGON-MAKING BUSINESS

in all its branches, at his Shop, in Freedom township, on the road leading from McCleary's School-house to Millerstown, at the Hill Church, and is prepared to execute all orders with promptness.

☞ REPAIRING ☜

OF ALL KINDS ATTENDED TO.

He also manufactures HAND-RAKES, SHAKING FORKS AND BROOM-HANDLES, for wholesale and retail trade.

He hopes, by prompt attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal patronage. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg, will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 7, 1867.—1y WILLIAM H. HOUCK.

JEREMIAH CULP,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*

Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,

Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms

*COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.*

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

*PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.*

☞York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church.

May 27, 1868—tf.

FLOUR & FEED.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either

FLOUR OR FEED-STUFF,

will leave their orders, either with John L. Tate or Danner & Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf GEORGE GINGELL.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

*East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,*

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 23, 1867.—tf

BARK! BARK!

1100 CORDS WANTED!

THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS

600 CORDS OF

BLACK OAK BARK,

for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also

500 CORDS OF

ROCK OAK BARK,

for which the highest market price will be given.

Feb. 12.—6m JOHN RUPP.

AT GRAND STREET

CHEAP STORE,

NEW YORK CITY.

*The Largest and Cheapest Stock of*

STRAW GOODS

*in this City, without doubt.*

Millinery Goods, Ribbons, Silks, Flowers, Parasols, Yankee Notions, Skirts, Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Fringes, all under regular prices.

Ladies' Whalebone Corsets, at 50 cts., 75 cts., $1.00, and upwards, cheap.

☞MILLINERS SUPPLIED.☜

EDWARD RIDLEY,

309, 311 and 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen streets, Fifth Block East from the Bowery.

June 10, 1868.—3m

GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

On and after Monday, May 13th, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8 15, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10 15, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12 30, noon. Also, connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1 00, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 12 30, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore, and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 12 45, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 2 40, and connecting with Mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5 20, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 4 20, P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and the North and West and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the Fast Line North, which has Baltimore at 12 10, noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train, at 8 30 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12 20, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the Fast Line at 12 10, noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 4 20, P. M. But one change of cars either way, viz: at Hanover Junction.

May 0, 1868. R. McCURDY, Sup't.

A SERVANT FOR ALL.

*Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,*

MAY be attached to any gate and operated from the buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned is having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.

Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE —which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.

For further information, &c., address

ISRAEL BRICKER,

May 13.—tf Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

Lamb Knitting Machine.

THE only Family Machine that sets up its own work knits all sizes, widens and narrows, knits the heel into the stocking, and narrows off the toe complete—producing all varieties of knit goods from an infant's stocking, mitten or glove to a lady's shawl or hood.

PRICE REDUCED TO 88 DOLLARS!

It is *simple, durable, easily operated and warranted to succeed* in the hands of *every purchaser.*

AGENTS WANTED.

Address, with stamp for circular and sample stocking,

J. D. ORNE, Gen. Agent, 922 Chestnut st., Phila.

May 6.—6m

30

ARMY WAGONS

*AT PRIVATE SALE,*

AT FOLLOWING PLACES:

10 AT LITTLESTOWN,
2 AT NEW OXFORD,
9 JEFFERSON STATION.

☞The above Wagons are all in good order and are well calculated for farming purposes. Price $36.00.—Also, a large lot of

FIFTH CHAINS, SPREADERS, &c., which will be sold low. Call and see them.

JAMES H. COLEHOUSE
W. F. CROUSE.

May 20.—3m

## Miscellaneous.

JOHN C. ZOUCK,

Land Agent,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PA.,

*Has for Sale 150 Farms, Mills, Tan-yards, Machine Shops, Tavern Stands, Country Seats, Store Stands, Town Houses and Town Lots,*

IN PENNSYLVANIA, MARYDAND AND OTHER STATES.

☞Persons wishing to purchase as well as sell property will do well to call at my office, or address by letter, as they will find it to their advantage.

June 24, 1868.—4m*

BOOK AGENTS WANTED to solicit orders for DR. WILLIAM SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. THE ONLY WORK PUBLISHED IN AMERICA, CONDENSED BY DR. SMITH'S OWN HAND. In one large Octavo volume, illustrated with over 125 steel and wood engravings.

Agents and subscribers, see that you get the *genuine edition by Dr. Smith.*

The *Springfield Republican* says this edition published by Messrs. Burr & Co., is the genuine thing.

The *Congregationalist* says, whoever wishes to get, in the cheapest form, the best Dictionary of the Bible should buy this.

Agents are meeting with unparalleled success We employ no *General Agents*, and offer extra inducements to Canvassers. Agents will see the advantage of dealing directly with the PUBLISHERS For descriptive circulars with full particulars and terms, address the Publishers. J. B. BURR & CO.,

May 27.—2m Hartford, Conn.

MARSH CREEK PLANING MILL.

THE undersigned has established a PLANING MILL on Marsh creek, four miles from Gettysburg, at which he will manufacture

DOORS AND DOOR FRAMES,
WINDOW SASH AND FRAMES,
FLOORING, WEATHERBOARDING,

Chair and Wash Boards, with everything else made at such a factory, executed in the Building line. The best of lumber will always be used, all thoroughly dried, a kiln having been put up for the purpose.

Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. Prices as low as the lowest, and every effort made to accommodate customers. JOHN D. PFOUTZ.

May 20, 1868.—1y

WIRE RAILING,

Wire Guards for Sashe Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper-makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.

Feb. 5, 1868.—1y.

INFORMATION FOR MARRIED LADIES.

The undersigned, after suffering the cares of three children during a married life of five years, and a constant irregularity of the menstruals, having been restored and continued in perfect regularity by a very simple remedy, is anxious to make known to married ladies the means of prevention and regularity of the menstruals. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find an infallible regulator. She hopes every married lady will obtain the prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and certainly prove the source of great relief to many. Ladies desiring the prescription free will please address

MRS. SARAH M. CLARFIELD,
June 16—3m Box 56, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wool Wanted,

THE highest mar et price will be given for Wool, by

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,
N. W. corner of Square, Gettysburg, Pa.
June 3.—tf

W. HOWARD DROOKS & STEVENSON,

Manufacturers of

WIDE AWAKE CAPS,

AND

CAMPAIGN EQUIPMENTS.

*No. 113 North Third Street,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Caps and Capes, of enamelled oil cloth, of all colors made to order at shortest possible notice.

July 10.—1m

AGENTS WANTED FOR "WEARING OF THE GREEN."—The most entertaining book published, abounding in *Romance, Humor and Wit.* Agents say it is the best selling book out, as people are tired of the repetition of dry details and army reports.

ONE AGENT SOLD 58 IN ONE WEEK.
" " 92 " "
" " 182 " "

Liberal terms to agents. Send for a Circular. Also, Family Quarto Bibles. Best terms, and published. WM. FLINT, Publisher, 26 South 7th Street, Philadelphia, Penna. July 10.—1m.

AGENTS WANTED

IN THIS COUNTY FOR THE

SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK

Handsome compensation allowed good Agents.

Address, H. A. WIDDIFIELD, Special Agent,
July 10.—1m. 528 Walnut st., Philada.

WANTED, by manufacturer, Agents to sell by sample. Address with stamp for circular.

GREER & COMPANY, 413 Chestnut St., Philada.

July 10.—1m

## Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVAL!

The firm of SOPER & McCARTNEY have removed to North Baltimore street, next door to Spangler's Shoe Store. We have on hand a choice assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

(Gold and Silver,)

JEWELRY,

of all kinds and latest styles. Silver and Plated Ware also, fine Gold, Silver and Steel

SPECTACLES

of the best manufacture. Also, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Violin and Guitar Strings, Keys, &c.

*All kinds of Repairing in our line done at as reasonable prices as elsewhere, and warranted.*

☞Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same. SOPER & McCARTNEY.

June 17, 1868.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

*No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,*

PHILADELPHIA.

*An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.*

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1y

SEEING IS BELIEVING

*AT 704 ARCH STEERT.*

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,

Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET

*PHILADELPHIA.*

☞Re-plating at short notice.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—1y

NEW STORE,

*NO. 902 CHESTNUT STREET,*

James E. Caldwell & Co.,

JEWELERS,

Have been appointed

SPECIAL AGENTS

in this city for the sale of the

GORHAM MFG. COMPANY'S

FINE ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

We guarantee these goods to be decidedly superior to anything in the market, excelling in design, finish and quality.

A large assortment will be maintained, and sold at the manufacturers' regular

FIXED PRICES.

Trade Mark of Electro Plate Stamped on the base of each article.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.

902 CHESTNUT ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 4, 1867.—6m

## Marble Yards.

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*

Will promptly attend to all orders in this line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 23, 1867.—tf

## Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,

furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES

will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

*Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment. T. T. TATE.

May 29, 1867.—

## Financial.

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS dealing of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS!

Three investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced 1 per cent.* viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all the information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct30, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

7-30 NOTES.

Last fall, when the privilege of converting the August 7-30 Notes expired, many persons who neglected to convert into 5-20 Bonds, or sell, lost the premium and the privilege of converting. It will be the same with the 7-30's maturing in June and July next, if not disposed of in time. This Bank will either convert, or purchase, the 7-30's, allowing premium and interest. GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Feb. 19, 1868.—tf

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

*Is agent for the sale of the First Mortgage*

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at par with interest payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 "

WILL CONVERT

7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES & COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly as heretofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867.—tf

SIX DOLLARS.

I will pay Six Dollars per cord for BLACK OAK BARK delivered at Bender's Mill.

May 20, 1868.—tf HENRY CHRONISTER.

## Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

KLINGEL'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

BALTIMORE STREET,

*TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.*

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with the best and cheapest variety of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Spring and Summer, ever offered in Gettysburg. His stock consists of

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' KID SLIPPERS, all styles,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTS' FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' AMERICAN CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' KIP BOOTS,
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF BALMORALS,
GENTS' SLIPPERS, all styles,
GENTS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.
INFANTS' SHOES, all styles,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that the goods please all who may call.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots Shoes, and Gaiters, will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

☞Grateful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, April 22, 1868.—tf

THE LATEST STYLES

OF SPRING AND SUMMER

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

Just received by

ROBERT C. COBEAN,

*Chambersburg Street, First Square,*

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Where the public can find a large and varied assortment which he is selling cheap. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters, Trunks Valises. Whips, Cigars, and a variety of notions, give us a call. [April 29, 1868.—1y

TRUNKS, Valises, Oil, Carpet and Railroad Sacks, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

FLY-NETS, Umbrellas and Hosiery, &c., at CUNNINGHAM'S.

SMOKING and Chewing Tobacco, Cigars and Pipes, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

LINEN and Paper Collars, Neckties, Handkerchiefs and a great variety of Notions and Fancy Goods of all kinds, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

DRESS Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

CLOTH Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

FANCY Cassimer Summer Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

SUMMER Cassimer Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

LINEN Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

COTTONADE Coats, Pants and Vests at CUNNINGHAM'S.

LINEN Cotton and Wool Shirts and Drawers at CUNNINGHAM'S.

EIGHT-DAY 30-hour and Alarm CLOCKS at CUNNINGHAM'S.

VIOLINS, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Accordeons, &c., at CUNNINGHAM'S.

SPRING & SUMMER